TOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY, MONDAY, AUGUST 8, 1864

JOURNAL OFFICE BUILDING, servet, between Third and Fourth TREED OF SUBSORIPTION-IH ADVANUE

A RECEL REFULSE .- A correspondent writes the Chattanonga Gezette that, at ahout eight clock on the morning of the 1st Instant, a en cams into Athens and reported rehela south part of McMinn. In less than an after the messenger reported, the rehels me dashing into that quiet little town, caming like a host of savages, and firing t every citizen who chanced to show himself, ticularly if he was attempting to get out f their way.

Llent. Marshman, of the 2d Ohio heavy srllery, was in command of this post, with nly a part of one company, and the large nmber of what few men were under his cmmand were out on a scont, consequently he Lientenant had nine efficient men, all old, in the fight. Lient. Marshman and his allant little squad made battle from the onrt-honse. The rehels, about fifty in numor, came np within fifty yards of the courtouse, when Marshman's little band let fire. rounding four rebels, two of whom, as we re in ormed, have since died, In the vicinity f Athens, and one is lying at Reeder's honse, ortally wounded. One of the rebels had is horee shot while charging round. The oor devil had to strike a high trot, somehing after the fashlou of citizens on such oc-

The rebels fell back in disorder to the satanalle creek, and then deshed round brough the west part of the town to the raiload, one hundred and fifty yards south of the epot, and ent down one telegraph post, and hen left in great haste, retreating toward the contains south of Athens.

Lieotcuant Marshman had one man woundnd, it is said, from a rabel house. nonraafter the rebels left Federal troops ed from Loudon and Charleston, and, he ssured, their arrival was greeted by the rightened citizens in a happy manner. Soon fter the reloforcements arrived they wero ounted, and, in hot haste, pursued the thievng clan, and you muy rest assured that our oys will either kill or capture the last scounrel of them.

The band of thieves was defeated in their tiect, for they never captured a single Union en or soldier, nor were they able to steal ard of calico, a boot, or a shoe.

It may be proper to state, says the Gazatte, bat it is generally helieved here, by citizens and soldiers, that Burch Cooke and his cohorts ho were captured the other day in the mounlius, were the precursors of this rebel band. Those rebels who were in Chattanooga a ew days since are said to belong to the com. nand of one Colonel Young.

The New York Journal of Commerce ays poor Dermark seems doomed to a fate, hich, if not as melaucholy as that of Poland, somethlug like it. Even though her naonality may not be wholly extingnished, the auish mouarchy exists no more, as recognized by the treaty of London, and we must nticipate a partitioning of the disputed terriory among the late combatants. Trne we do ot know the result of the snapension of hosilities, grunted the Danes at their solicitation. ill the 31st of July. But it is morally cerain that they will unt persist much louger lu pelr attitude of defiance of the German Conederation. While there was a chance that England might come to the rescno, there was some inducement to prolong the struggle. v all hope of ald from that quarextinguished. Too long the Danes clung se delnsion. It was in vain that they hrew their little army against the German pattalions in repeated enconaters. They ound themselves exhanated, and in a condion less invorable to a peaceful adjustment

than before the struggle. Euglund presumed oo much on the power of her own remontrance, as a shield to her ally, when the cution" ln Schleswig was threatened, found it expedient to charge the evil which followed to faults in Danish diplomacy, rather than take np arms and enter into the fray. The consequence to Danmark was, that sho found herself alone in tho breach with certain destruction hofore her. No alternative was left but to vindicate the national honor, whatever the cost. We have reason to believe that the conflict is now over -that the worst is known. Her territory overrun, her army almost destroyed, her finances exhausted, she has only to learn what terms the conquerors see fit to hestow. One colntion which has been spoken of hy diplomatisfs is the absorption of Denmark hy the German Confederation, and if, as reported the overtures from Copoulagen to the Cabinets of Berlin and Vienna are instigated by the French Emperor, or even have his sanction, a sort of gnarantee is niforded that the principle of international rights will recover show of respect.

GURBILLA OPERATIONS IN DAVIESS COUNTY. A few days since, eays the Owensboro Monitor, a party of gnerillas nuder the loadership of a Captain Anderson-a Texan, passed hrough Daviess county. A portion of the nny passed through the ontskirts of o. They are said to have exchanged horses with a number of farmers, and to have robbed several individuals of money and watches. They were impartial in their attentions, taking as freely from "rebel sympaizers" as from Union men.

sdereon was going on his own account. He spoke contemptaously of Col. Sypert and his command, said they were all Colonels, Msjors, and Captains. He is said to have started ont with Sypert hnt refused to ohey his orders, and is now playing the guarilia.

The Oconto (Wieconsiu) Pioneer tells a story of a contest near the Oconto river hetween two hocks and a largogray wolf. The moment the wolf endeavored to seize one of the deer, the other would strike him with his fore legs. The wolf would immediately leave and attack the one that struck hlm. This strange contest contluned until the wolf seized the largest by the throat and tenaciously hung on until he brought him down. The other sprang with great force upon the wolf. and cut him fearfully. The wolf slank away, leaving one buck dead. The wolf was after wards found dead a short distance from the Geld of battle.

MAILS TO THE ABMY .- The following extract from an army letter will show how smootbly the army mail arrangements are working under the supervision of Mr. W. L. Kelly, so long our very efficient assistant postmaster. As fast as our army advances down South does Mr. K. have the mails car-

Despite the great and constantly increasing stance from home which we have attained, the mails are regular and reliable to a degree which is surprising. Newspapers often come through from Olncinnati in four days, though generally in about five or six, thanks to the in the different points of the control of the contr Adems Express. Nearly every hrigade has its postmaster, who visits Marietta regularly every day, following up the men at night, if they have moved during the day, and discensing to the man and discensing the day, and discensing to the man man and discensing the day, and discensing to the man man and discensions. of its kind intentions is that the mail carries

The following letter from the Governor of Naw Jersey, relative to recruiting ucgrees in the rebel States, in order to avoid the

STATE OF NEW JERSSY, ) EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, TRENTON, July 22, 1864. Mesere. G. W. Bonnell B. Picket, and Wil-liam Bunn, Township Committee of the Township of Alexandria, in the County of

GENTLLIEN: I have received your petition recommending William H. Dawes as a sailable person to recruit for your township, In the rebel States, and requesting me to give him the report explanation.

the rebel States, and requesting me to give him the proner credentials.

I have concluded to comply with your request, and will give him a letter that will procure his resognition by the United States efficials of the Department to which he defires to go, as the agent, not of the State of New Jersey, but of the Township of Alexandria. The men he may recruit will be credited to your township and he must look to ted to your township, and he must look to on for compensation for his services. The law of Congress authorizing the State entive to appoint agents to recenit in the ellicus States, leaves it optional with each

Executive to determine what conrecto adopt. In the exercise of that discretion I have deed not to appoint such agents for the State New Jersey.
The Legislature has not lutrusted me with

morey for the purpose of paying hounders, or detraying the expenses of such agents; and even if I had control of funds for such purosee, I have no power to authorize recruiting n'iside the limits of the State of New Jersey nch power, if it resides anywhere, is vested the Government of the United States. The General Government has heretofere exercised that power, and I am at a loss to understand why Congress should ask the Executives of the States to recruit outside of their jurisdiction, while within the State limits the whole

husiness of recrniting has been assumed by the General Government.

When I appoint an agent to transact basi-ness for the State of New Jersey, I expect to protect him while in the discharge of his daies. I cannot give protection to agents apletter of anthority would not issure their

entment as prisoners of war.

I think it will be found that but few recruits can be obtained in the rebet States. The New York Times of this morning alleges that men cantot now be had there, and gives this as the point of the oe had there, and gives this as the opinion of Generals Grant and Shorman, and counsels that we should not rely upon filling our quota from that source, and thereby neglect recruiting elsewhere.

I am satisfied that the Union army would

o-ony be stronger, both in numbers and efficiency, if the Government had never recruited the rebel States. The emancipation proclation, and the consequent arming of the ne groes, while adding to the desperation of the enemy, and building up an almost insurmountate barrier to the terms of pacylication, quenched he spirit of volunteering among the people of he North. Soon after these measures were dopted it was thought necessary to pass a onscription act, although hut a few weeks revieus to this radical change of policy the chairman of the Military Committee in the United States Sanate advised against the ac-

ptance of voluteers then flocking by regients to our standard. The great change wrought hy this policy is demonstrated by the present almost numimous desire of the people to keep out of the aimy, and the running to and fro of nearly the whole population to seize upon any excient to avoid personal military service, re-ording not the fitness of the substitute, if the tificate of exemption can be procured. So long as the governmental policy disheartens to each nn extent, a successful issue cannot be expected. To incre success the people shou'd have a heart in the struggle, be wilting to do their own fighting, and not place their reliance on a distinct and Inferior race. There can never be a sufficient number of negro troops in the army to compensate for the injury done the Union cause by arming them.

Each anh district is responsible for its own queue of meu, and I recognize the right of the people of each district to raise their own men in their own way. I will not, therefore, interpose my individual opinion in opposition to the will of the people of uny locality, to prevent them from availing themselves of the law of Cougress to fill their quots and avoid a

Without any knowledge, desire, or action on my part, I have been made the mcdinm through whom the people, who desire to re-cruit in this way, may attain the object; and I will, on petition of the proper anthorities of any sub-district, give to such person as may be named credentials to procure recognition trom the United States anthorities.

The power of such agents to recrnit is derived from the law of Congress, and to the General Government they must look for procession. I hope that all the districts in this

I hope that all the districts in this State will be able to fill the quots with volun-teers, and that there may be no further draftlam, very respectfully, your obedient ser-ent, JOEL PARKER.

[For the Louisville Jonnal.]

PETROLEUM OR ROCK OIL. Now that this wonderful product of the earth has been found of great utility, it will interest our readers to learn that a discovery it has been made near our city in large sup-y. The favored locality is in Meade conury, entucky, near to Rock Haven and Braudeurg, and about thirty miles distant from this iy by river. This discovery was made a few ays since by some enterprising gentlemen om Philadelphia, who came here during the eseut year to examine the curtace indicascars. Satisfied that the evidences of a large fosts. Satisfied that the evidences of a large deposit of the oil were present, immediate action was had, and the proper machinery, cools, and appliances were brought, the boring of n well began, and in a short time they were rewarded with success. The primap was applied the last week in July, and the product of oil was found to be equal to 80 barrels per diem.

We are informed that our Meale county riends are greatly excited over the discovery which, hy the way, is not strange, for we find that it is now one of the staple articles of commerce, and that the export trade in the product from the oil wells in Peansylvania for 1863 reached the enormous quantity of twenty eight million gallons, and, as an illustration of the unexampled rapidity with which the trade in this article has increased. we give the total export of petroleum for the team 1861 and 1862. They were as follows: 1861, 1.112,476 galloos; 1862, 10,887,000 gallous. The quantity exported in 1863 amounted to 000 tors weight, and engaged no less than ships, of 1.000 tors briden each, to carry It. The amount of mounty derived from its sale is estimated at \$12,000,000, and its value por gallou, since the year 1863, has continued

por gallou, since the year 1863, has continued to increase, until it is now worth fifty cens per gallon, in its crudes ate.

With these facts before us, it is an easy matter to calculate the value of a well producing eighty barrels of oil per day. Bighty harrels ut twenty dollars is \$1,600, and, if it shind continue at that rate of delivery for one twelvementh, its possessors would be fortunate indeed. We hope that the development will go ou, and that all whose enterprise carries the work forward may fully succeed, not only for the reward they are ontitled to, hut nly for the reward they are ontitled to, but tecause it will fornish a new field to our mer-hants and business men. Our civizeus genslly will not fully realize its importance, at let them, in their visits to Pailadelphia, New York, and Pittsburg, take note of the large unmber of stores and offices exclusively engaged in the petroleum trade, and they will see that this is he most important discovery of wenlth that has ever heen made in Ken-

tucky. "PROGRESS." Merriam, lately deceased, probably watched the wenther, and made more close and accurate cherrations with instruments, for over thirty years, than any man living, declares that in all his experience he has never been able to perceive that the moon has the least influence upon the weather. And yet, to what multi-tudes is this rank heresy! How trey run to the almanaes to see when the moon is 'new," hen it "quarters," and when it is "full," and predict changes in the weather at these points. full, once a week the year round; and in our variable climsto the weather changes often—about once n week—when it does not remain unaltered for weeks; and so, if a change in ho weather takes place anywhere near the change in the moon, the is the author of the change. I have known educated men cling this notion instilled into their childhood I have known men who are careful not to plant especially beans-in the old of the moon. And I pm it to my reader, who, as I have no doubt, is wise and well educated, and free from ll superstition, had you not a "leetle" rather see a new moon over the right shoulder than over the left? Don't you always think of it when you see the rew moon? Can you tell why? It is one of those old roots which time [Correspondence of the Boston Pest 1 LETTER FROM LONDON. Lono 3N, July 13, 1861.

The Parliamentary dinner that heralds the cless of the session is fixed for Saturday week. Another ferright and legislators may leave their cases hehird them. The sirans of the sea-shere woo them with what Pope, in his Odyssey, calls "the wisdom of the wise," hugh more effectually than the Operation uch more effectually than the Oppositharm they "never so wisely." But, for the present, London abates nothing of its energy of enjoyment. The Prince and Prince's n Wales have made every day a fete. They have been dejenners, and drivers, and picules and midnight feres, employing those of La petite Trianon under Marie Antoinette, and generally the fast ionable world has determined that this "gay and feetive" season shall die, lik the swan, to music. A grand and fashionabl Cremorne tote was held at the Hirst-cultural Gardins on Wednesday, under the auspices of the Duke of Buccleugh, when the ounds were illuminated, and fireworks or most splendid and brilliant scale were le in the presence of more than two thons and the creme de la creme, the Prince of Wales and all the royal family. The gathering did not take place till nearly cloven, and was con-tinued till long past midnight. The latter were dressed as gaily as for n drawing room, the gentlemen se they should be when hearly condescends to emile on their sartorial efforts o make themselves agreeable; and certainle o more pleasant summer night-scene coul well conceived in this cumate of our enaders loitored no and down the pleasant alleys, and what a rost would call the myrtle groves, and among the flowers in the cougioves, and among the flowers in the con-servatory and garden, to the musical the fonntains and one or two excellent hands; the ladies in their gandy toilets, which rather en-hanced their concealed their charms—putting the morble antiques to the blash; that is, if they could have blushed. Personal beauty is of no class, and perhaps the average in this respect was rather below than above that o other large gatherings of English women; hut then diamouds and lace, and ravishing millinery, and a certain dignity and selt posses-eion of carriage, are; and these are all ele-ments in a coup d'wil, and conduce to the success of any sort of spectacle or tete, and this

was ench a one as is worth remembering, i only on this ground and for its own sake.

Mr. Buroand's horlesque of "Fanst and
Murguerite," produced last Saturday at the St.

James's Theatre, has fallen rather flutly, and as created some little ire among the critics. has created some little ire among the critics.

These last olject to Marguerite's appearance as a Creptorno courtesan—this being the wit and fun of the burlesque—sucking a sherry cobbler through a straw, and nuder the protection of a 'gent' of the orthodox kind, who alies and says to a casual interioper: "Tais lady is with me." The incident, it is true, is controlled to talk but it is in the orthogon property of coerse to leil, butit is in the ordinary spirit of burlerque. Burlesque, as understood by the modern school, means dressing a man in wosolemn or sacred ant joct—this comprehensivey. When it has emplated the geories of a cd-hot poker in a pantomime, or the sitting on a form or a hat, of a farce, by putting the low comedian in petticons, its missin is ended. Genius may be shown, it is true, by diessing np women as men, but this is fast hecoming nnpecessary. But the public, for once, nss a fit of indignation, in spile of smart wr.t:ng and clever punning, and a little robels at Mr. Burusnd's view of 'Fanst and Margue-

at Mr. Buruend's view of 'Fanat and Marguerite," whether with or without reason is according to fancy. The teste for hurlesque is n wretched and degraded one, but this is surely no tault of the author's He writes for money. He writes what pays best. That pays best which is the most popular. He has to live to please, because he has to please to live. That is the philotophy of the matter. However, apart from the ground of propriety off ared in object. tion the ground of propriety offered in objection—the burleque, though smartly written, is not well constructed, and is but indifferently seled. Mrs. Charles Mathews undertakes two presumed imitations of Stella Collar and Mies Bareman respectively in it in a very only ectress in the play; and this fact, to-cether with the other, that Mr. Chas, Mathews and not know any of his part on the opening ght, and had not even acquired it on Thurs-iy, have not added to the success of the

The enperb gallery at Apsley Honse was blaced at the cervice of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Wigan for a miscellatoous reading, by the Dake of Wellington, on Wednesday, and was crowded by a most brilliaut and fashionable asembly. The readings, however, were only a quasified success. Mrs. Wlgan road very tamely and indifferently Indeed; and Mr. Wigan, notwithstanding his known artistic taste and correct and accurate elecution, was merely moderately successful. He read tue "Lay of Horatius" and the "Death of Monthnt with much less verve and energy

than Mr. C. Kean. The andieuce, however, who seemed to like mild excitemen, and who would prohably object to real passion as rant on the same ground that a French can prefers can sucre as a stimulant, seemed fairly satisfied, and what the nohitty likes ought to be excellent. The rest of the programme incinded selections from the "School for Scandul," "Hamlet," and the trial scene in the Merchant of Venice," but neither calls for Railway carriages in England—and in fact on the continent—cousist of compartments expable of containing eight persons only, and enefully walled and cushioned they form eparate conveyorces on a train. It is a rare enrience that all the compartments are enthe tule rather than the exception. Europe and have rioiculed the American "car" syscm, but the recent murders and the numerous n'rages committed upon lone femiles have chaoged public opinion in this regard. A loud all has arisen for the abolishment of the compariment system. It is very seldom that he daily papers exhibit such a harmony of

centiment as they do just now on the dangers of railway truvelling. First came six leading setticles, all levelled at directors, and demanding in the most imperative manuar that seme meens of communication should be established between passengers and the guard of a train. Letters—those inevitable parasites on leading actives—and already pouring in, and natiway directors must pk aceably. Huberto passengers have allowed railway authorities to do rretty much as thorplessed, but the feeling of insecurity now prevailing has made all classes resolute in enforcing a demand which, boing just in its nature, will have to be complied with despite the attendant expense and the dislike to change which directors always exhibit. Sir J. Heron Maxwell, writing to the Times, strongly urges Government interference in this matter, and points out that Government does already interfere in many regulations affecting randwaye, and in this respect it would only be carrying interference a little further, and in a wholesome advance. Mr. Julius R:nfor, of a telegramic fune, also writes to the first es. and suggests, them, h not for the first time, the adoption in England of the practice prevaent on the railways in Russia and (ermany, or connecting all the carriages with a gangway, by which the guard can pass from one to another while the train is at full peed. "The compartments into which each carria e i, divided, a my be thut at p easure, or thrown open i case of need. The guard setrols the train at intervals, and every pasenger can claim not only his assistance, but, in account of the communication through

now in use; but it is beyond question that either this or some equally protective measure is urgently required for the safety of the travelling public.

A ray of light has been thrown upon the North London Railway murder by the discovery of the watch chain which had heen stolen from Mr. Briggs, and which has since been exchanged for another at the sbop of a ilversmith. The cvidence of that tradesn an and other circumstances point to the robability that the murderer, or one of them. there were more, is a foreigner. Of course very active exertions have been made by the police. The reward now offered for the aprehension of the murderer is £300—a hun-red pounds having been added by the Railway Company to the two similar sums offered by the Government and by Messrs. Roberts, Lubback, & Co. Some of the daily papers hint that important information has

sud between the carriages, the assistance call his fel ow passe gers at any moment.

A plan of this sort would, of course, necessitate the reconstruction of all the carriages

Loudon is hot and crowded. The number of Americans is usualy large; among them he Southerners seem to be in a majority. People are heginning to tire of their swag-gering airs and give them the cold shoulder. The proposition to present Semmes with a sword evenua to have died out; at least noth-

OUR LIBERTIES.

The people are very mad now. It is a pity hat they have not reason enough left to se seir madness, but they have not, and they not beir children, and the future generation of all civilized nationalities will suffer for this temporary madness of those who have the great problem of solf-government in their bards. We wish once more to see them rational, not for any mean purpose, but to see hew dignified and noble human nature can be when clothed in its right mind.
Only think of it for one moment; under the

lead of this boasted humanitarian party, this party which boasts acculiar respect for the di-vine rights of mankind, we see the divinest rights of mankind trampled noder foot. In the name of the church some of the worst crimes which have disgraced the annals of the fumen isce have heep perpetrated; in the name of religion occurred the massacre of St. Bar. holomew; under the name of the rights of man hundreds of thomsands were butchered by the fanatical revolutionists of France; no der the name of religion John Hass was burned at the stake by the assemble i Hierborned at the stake by the assemble i Hierarche of the world; under the name of religion Colvin borned Helvetine; and under the name liberty, fraternity, and equality, the great safeguards of the American Constitution, have been subverted.

It is no statesman who would do this. Pitt was a stalesman, but he was a friend to the people of England; Burke was a statesman, and eo he, too, had respect for the English Constitution; Webster was a statesman, and he had respect for our American Constitution:

he had respect for our American Constitution; and statesmen everywhere bave a profanni regard for the fundamental law which is the eategnard of all peace and order. We have only politicians in power; this is a fact which is one greatest shame. And so it must be said of us, that, during our first great civil strife, not one statesman in the domlasm party appeared who was equal to the occa-sion, whose sound judgment could command the respect of the people, and point ont the path to pursue.

Let us see for one moment. The English

Let us see for one moment. The English people, for centuries—mark what we say, for centuries—fought their way up from a position of vassalage under the feudal laws to a resition of independence. At every step they took in advance they intrenched themselves, they made a new hulwark in the British Constitution, and in doing so, they pointed to It, and with warning finger said to the King "thus far can'st thon go, hat no further, at the peril of thy life." The Kingssometimes force themselves and went turther, but the the peril of thy life." The Kingssometimes forpot themselves and went turther, but the
aveuging engel was spoken from the clouds
by 11:0 stern voice of the people, and
their crowns tumbled into the dust. Now,
the people of England are safe; they held
their own and well befined position with an
assurance that cannot be misunderstood, and the Crown very well knows that its exist-nce depends upon a mest strict and scrupn-lous observance of the laws and demarkations of the flaw and cemarkations id down by the people. And should they of he respected? Suall all this contest in arliament, of intellect ngainst intellect; on he field, of eword against award—come to one the held, or eword against sword—come to nought? Shull all these advantages gained by the people for British liberty be given no? No. Betero this is done, the heads of many a sovereign will roll from the block or hang from the gibbet; for the strong sinews of the British people have not yet forgotten how to save that which is a right, and therefore are onlent in the possession.

ave that which is a right, and therefore are opplication the possession.

And how is it here? We say, and let the prople bear witness, that all the great savegnards of British liberly, for which the people fought the Crewn for centuries, and which Washington, Adems, Jefferson, Franklin, and Hamilton placed in the Coustinuism of the United States as the first and fundamental principles of our liberty, after they had learned its valle by the experience of British liberty, have been more or less viof British liberty, have been more or less vio-ted. Freedom of the press, the right of tial by jury, the writ of habese corpus, imunity from unwarrantable searches and izures, and the rights of manleipal law inependent of the central power, have heen usued over and overturned, langhed at or field at, kicked at, and crushed us though hey were of no consignance to the people, and only things to be absolutely ignored by a arty which had great party ends to accom-

cot a man dated to lay violen; hands on our Cousti ution, or falsely to administer it; but now it is only a shuttle-cock in the hands of party, flying everywhere to snit the caprice However, these words are not all idle. Rea-

son will yet return, and the people wilde-mand an account of the stewardship of those who have so falsely represented their senti-ments and so treacheronaly broken their oaths

The Entomologist Gone South.-Let h'a vis t be to o e of the Gulf States of America, soy the neighborhood of New O lcans or Mo-It is May, but flics are in ful season. Flics command age at deal of attention every-where, particularly during the aummer months, in the American States There, even o far north as New York, an attendant does ot cesse to wave the "fly brush," a grent bunch of peacock's feathers, four feet long, perhaps, over the diuner table for seven months out of the twelve And as fly-brushes, dark rooms, in penetrable a fcs. refriger ors, and gauze coverings are needful in ferty degrees of latitude north, we may be sure that he used of them does not decrease as one os south. Therefore, requesting uny s experience of common house flies-which go Foscolo pronounced to be o e of the three siscries of life even here—by five or five huudred thousand, I leave him to judge of th strength of the estomologist's opportunity of

tudyi g the ways of foreign flies.

Then as to the mosquitees, There are ome parts of Florida—the everglades and on the Mosquito river, near the eastern coast—where mosquiloes about in such dense clouds that they have been known to extirguish a great b azing pine wood fire in the tirguish a great b'azing pine wood fire in the open air, singcing their wiags and falling into it so fast that the fire unable to consume them, they smoth rit. The wayfarer is thus placed in the awkward dilemma of having attracted his enemies be the necessary fire and light, which he is yet unable to keep burning.

The South gives the name "gnat" to a small fly like insee", with no beauty except to the entomologist; too 'small and too wingy even as food for young wood peckers. For the practicul education of man in en urance, these gnats must be useful. for they heset

these gnats must be useful, for they heset him in swarms, in clouds, unwearied, exwhen once y'u are received into their happy circle, see if you can breathe without swall wing half a score; fix your attention on something else—if you can. They are not vicious; they do not hite pare stire you. They are ining eise—if you can. They are not victous; they do not bite nor sting you. They are distributed to you, and they love the very uir you breathe. They have round you, and do not forsake you. Not unless you untiriugly wield a huge fan od make it he sole business of the day to fan fiauticully, morning, uoon, and night. Oth rwise bear with them.

Here, then, at one, are three species for our cotomologist, who has only to sit, lens in hand, and not wait long for an "object" to fly into his mouth. A sharp sing on the no k Down goes the microscope, up goes the hand to dash away a "yellow fly," a gay, spright ly creatu e, somewhat less than a wasp; but with a loud, pert buzz at being disturbed, he inei ts on again settling; for he has made up his little mind to dine off an eutomologist's head like a lovely emeral, a bright yellow striped body. He is a perfect gem of an insect, and it one is only patient, what an opportunity of examining him one can have if is possible to tempt him with a bi of wrist, e generally comes alone, but make amouds or that by coming often. Every body in the south has probably h sown devoted yellow fly a bod; fly; and the young entomologist tur's habits when he says, "I don't helicve the yellow fly eats anything but people." With June and its shund nt fruits and lowers, arrive fresh armies of winged creaircs, thoug : our three hosts already in oct pation, don't laver 2 spear. Waspa of vaious sizes, auch as are never seen in Engfrom hing to the entomologists new stores of recreation. They are least toublesome and maicious than the yellow flics, for they desire only the lessious fig, or the peach in your

band, or ita juice upou your lip; and if you let them gralify this very civilized taste, they will forthwith depart, without trying to eat their benefactor. But the yellow lly aspires o eat you up. It is your blood he wants—fee, ia, fo, fum! Your blood be will

[From the London Spectat r, July 2d.] PARES' NIMES -The carnest little discuss on which arises in n new nursery as to "dear

haby's name, seems a little absurd to nut-siders, but the instinct of mothers is right, The bally will not be Lord High Chancellor c an Archbishop, as mamma and nurse think so probable, bot through life one of the most di rece influences bearing upon his fortunes will he his name. It is almost a quality which his mother gives him, something which may smooth his path lice a new faculty, or retard it like some physical want or bodily deformity. so great is its influence that it seems a little hard that the paient should have so despotic a power, that the child himself should not, say at fifteen, have the right to insist, if he sees fit, open a legal rechristening. He must accept the family eogaemen like any other decres of face, and coust ni to be Sim for the same reason that he consents to be red-haired.

But he need not he Sardanapslus Sim any more than he need not have his eyebrown shaved, and it is a little unjust that a Byronsuch a deforming. We do not a'low a mother to tattoo a child, or harn letters upon its forelead, or snip hits off an already snub nose, and why should she be permitted to brand her child still more effectually, hurden his life with a name like Adonijah, or Alietta Mchitabal Chinnery Stubbs, or Susannah Marianna Mencyhuckle Cloyton, all rest names of to-day, or render it ridiculons by calliaz him-wo know the mnu-Noah's Ark llodgson? know the mnu-Noah's Ark llodgeon The mether would be hooted if she delib crately hred her son as a seamp, yet she may call him Jerry—or taught him to he a snewk, yet she can compel all men to call him

It is very hard, and in that coming time when the dignity of luminity is fully appre-ciated, we expect to hear of a revolt of univer-sal childhood in faror of extending that dearly loved privilege of habies "doing things one's own self," to the right of rechristening. Methers, however, are usually pretty sensitive to ridicule, and horrible names are consequently growing less common; bat still there is a waut of principle in the matter, a need of a nursery law, to which the injudicions, or the weak, or the over-political may at a piach appeal. Women are imaginative, and upt to fall under the influence of novels and superstition, leading to names like Zanoni Tompkins and Mephihosheth Britain; and fathers are disposed to name their children not with any reference to their comfort, but to advertise their own connections, or convictions, or, worse than all, admirations.

Whether any man ever really called his son Acts because "the'd used up the Evangelists, and wanted to compliment the Apostes a bit," may reasonably he doubted, but the habit o "complimenting" the great by using their names is very widely diffused. Percy at one time bec-me so common as to be regularly admitted into the list of "Christian names," and Victor will from this year be a ided to that ery limited repertoire.

There must be scores of children hy this time all ticketed Garihaldi, a process equiva-lent to branding a dute on their forehead, and is lucky for the next generation of girls but the Princesu's name is an old one for if i had heen Casarea or Napoleana, they would have herne it none the less. So long as the name is generic mere ugliness does not greatly matter to the child, but a uame given from admiration is almost always p culiar, and if the original wearer were videly known it is difficult to inflict on a child a deeper injury. It puts him throughout his whole life out o gear with his associations, dislocates the ide of the man from the idea of his name till the mere mention of him excites a smile If his career is utterly unlike that of his namesakt there is the mpression of inferiority. ng could be worse for a rising General than on he named Napeleon, yet the title would cound as ridicalous if attached to a white-

faced curate. In most instances the secret idea of the unlocky man would be to live up to his name, to be Mirabeau Stubbs, the Revolution-

maker in Norwich, to whom his father, a nree thinker, like most cohhere, gavo the brains, and his name would have proved his neighbors, fortunately for his report in class-meeting, could not pronounce it. They called him in their ignorance Vnlsure Smith, and the loor man complained with tears in his was universally believed to have carned a nick-

name by crncl nsury.
"Nupoleon Price," of Bond street, we suspect, has found his name worth an annuity, for nohody can forget his advertis mants, from the absurd contrast between the ideas suggested by the conqueror's name unit the huir oil his namesake sells, but in private life it must be a very considerable bore. There is the poor man who died this week so suddenly at the St. Paneras meeting, Mr. Washington Wilkes He was, we believe, a very decidedly elligent man, and a very good speaker, bi he had been an orator beyond compare h how the treble relation cull-d up by it, the re-membrance of Washington and of Wilkes, and of the difference between the two, unc the sense of the contrast between both and a estry agitater, was too aroug for common

nse or kindlicess. We heard a very good natured man remark on the ca'astrophe, "natural for such a name o die of n public meeting," and probably, ex-spt among those who knew him, there was one who could quite escape the sense of organity between the horior of the even nd the sufferer's name, and all incongruity is gret sque. Byrou Brown may be a mest re-pectal le man, bot noboly will ever believe in lis verses, and Demosthenes Jones had better foll wany trade than that of a public speak r The motters may rest assured that of all the mistakes they can make, that of giving their habies names which suggest to nl men distinct sociations, calling their boys Gracehus, or their dangleters Semiramis is the very worst. liere is some reason for the growing dislike the twelve or fifteen names once called dis-trelly Christiau, probably because they have ro relation whatever to Christianity—for the use of a name is to insure distinctiveness, and veness is not attained. But if they want a new list let them shan the conquerors, and octs, and politicians, and agitators, and nn-cient Hebrews, and eit or employ u surnameuse of the mother's surname as the eliest scu's prienomen is a b'am less und us ful cu-'d Saxon reservoir now so liberally drawn open for girls, hat still neglected for boys

THE BURNING OF GOV LETCHER'S HOUSE .-Governor Letcher tells the truth about the truining of his bouse, but does not tell "the whole truth." On General Hunter's arrival in Lexington there was no more disposition to ir jure Mr. Letcher's house than any of the other ten thousand bonses of the encessionists which had been quietly passed, and even protected, on the metch up the Shenandosh Valley. But—and this is the material point, hich the Gevernor in his letter omlts-two ays after the Union forces had arrived in a kington, a proclamation was found in Gov-err or Letcher's own handwriting, and dated three days previously, calling on the inhabitants to arise on masse and "hushwhack" the vandal invaders. Now, hushwhacking is a practice not recognized by the laws of war, and bushwhackers are hung whenever caught within the Union lines On this point Gen-erals Grant, Rosecrans, Halleck, Dr. Lieber, erals Grant, Rosecrans, Halleck, Dr. Lieber, and all other military anthorities are agreed. Governor Letcher, immediately after writing his preclamation, abscouded, and his house was then ordered to be burned, as is the nniversal ensum with the houses of all bush whacking assassins. This is "the whole truth" about the matter, and is commended to the attention of all who have read Governor Letcher's card. Until the robels can prove that the Governor of Maryland issued a simthat the Governor of Maryland issued a similar proclamation, the se-called "retalistory" harring of his house will be properly amountle to those ecreures of barbarism so freely lavished on General Runter's act.

N. Y. Herald.

A fellow who etyles himself W. H. Donald-

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS. ETERING DESPATOURS

From the Dipartment of the Gulf. Late News from Admiral Farragut. Forts Mergan and Gaines Passed. Continued Bombardment for 3 Days Granger Commands the Land Forces The Surrender of Mobile Anticipated

Federals Evacuate Brownsville, Texas All Military Stores Sent to Brazes. Reports from the Upper Potomac The Intelligence Very Centradictory A General Invasion Resolved Upon. Gen Harly's Movements a Mystery Gen. Gregg's Attack on Robel Cavalry Severe Less Inflicted on the Enemy. Extracts from the Richmond Papers.

Atlanta Shelled Furiously for 2 Days The Attack on Cheatham's Division. Federals Repulsed with no Rebel Loss Union Raiders Capture Fayettsville.

Stoneman Surrenders with 500 Men.

New York, Acquet 6. A special to the New York Hernld from New Orleans says information was received at headquarters of the Department of the Guif on Thursday that Admiral Farragut had cassed Forts Morgan and Gaines, which It had orn supposed command the entrance to Mo-tle Bay, and is bomburding the upper de-ences. If the information is correct the forts

mnst speedily surrender.

The Admiral has now eix iron clads off Mobile, and two more left the city to-day. The bombardment has been continued three

ovements of Admiral Farragut, as everybooy here expects.

On the 19th of July Geu. Asboth, commanding at Persacola, left that post with a small force, and next day came upon a hody of the enemy's cavalry about 400 strong, in-treuched ut Fort Hebson. After a charp, fight the rebels retreated, leaving all their mmun-nition, flag, officers' papers, stores, seventeen horses, &c. Gen. Asboth then reinried to

Pensacola.
Our forces have evacuated Bruwnsville, Texas, and all stores have been sent to Braz is. WASHINGTON, Aug. 5. Reports from the Upper Potemac are very contradictory. If any crossing has been effected by the rehels it was prohably a large cavelry force nuder landeden. The movements of the column under Early are a mystery. At last accounts it was in company

tery. At last accounts it was in camp between Winchester and Martinsburg. There is evidence here that the robels have resolved upon a general invasion.

The World's army correspondent says that The Pilot House.

The Pilot House.

As we entered the Highlands the Captain it worked the other way, half bis energy would be exhausted merely in getting rid of the hirden to a man dared to lay violent hands on our Coustination, or falsely to administer it; but

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As we entered the Highlands the Captain in two tites from the 20th and 22d.

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As we entered the Highlands the Captain in the 20th and 22d.

The World's army correspondent says that the 2d division of our cavalry, nudar Greeg, attacked the rebel cavalry vigorously on the 3d tit does not foot up the losses to the rebels on the latter day, hat says on the 20th they wantage. On either side "the hirden to a victory on the 2d two threst says that the 2d division of our cavalry, nudar Greeg, attacked the rebel cavalry vigorously on the 3d tribed and accient as the sum if the 2d division of our cavalry, nudar Greeg, attacked the rebel cavalry vigorously on the 3d tribed and accient as the sum of the 1d tribed and accient as the sum of the 1d tribed and accient as the sum of the 1d tribed and accient as the sum of the 1d tribed and accient as the sum of the 1d tribed and accient as the sum of the 1d tribed and accient as the sum of the 1d tribed and accient as the sum of the 1d tribed and accient as the sum of the 1d tribed and accient as the sum of the 1d tribed and accient as the sum of the 1d tribed and accient as the sum of the 1d tribed and accient as the sum of the 1d tribed and accient as the sum of the 1d tribed and accient as the sum of the 1d tribed and accient as the sum of the 1d tribed and accient as the sum o bont seventy-five.
This afternoon, Lient. Fux, of the 2d U. S.

colored regiment, deliberately mindered a ne-NEW YORK, Angust 6. Richmond papers contain despatches from the rebel General Iverson saying that General Stoneman had surrendered to him with five

hundred meu.

A deepatch dated at Griffiu, Ga., July 30, says Atlanta had heen furionsly stielled for two daye, and early that morning Cheathum was attacked. The Union force was easily repulsed with no loss to the rehels. A Union the captured Favettaville on the aiding force captured Faretteville on the 29th, hurned wagons, tore up the track, etc.

Sr. Louis, Aug. 6. A despatch dated Fort Smith, Ark, Ang., eass the rabels neder Cooper, Gano, and Bandwaite, five Lundred strong, with twelve sieces of artillery, moved up yesterday with he intention of attucking Fort Smith. General Thayer moved out to meet the nemy asbert distance from the fortifications, ovalty and power have been of incalculable value in convincing the rebels and their re-ciniting officers in the North that Missonri is

nereafter to be governed by loyal men. PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 6. Forney's Press says it has received the foloving desputed from a high efficial source, and is assured that the details are perfectly

thery condity, Maryland, dated the 24, state that heavy firing was heard in the neighborhood of Commerland all day.

Rebel deserters say that rebel cavalry, under Johuson, McCausland, and Jackson, is der Johnson, McCaustand, and Jackson, is advencing on Camberlaud, Md., and this State. They will be jouued by Early and Imboden's whole force, to concentrate their commands, and march ou Pittsburg and Wheeling, with their whole strength, about 25,000 or 30,000. If successful, they march on Cincinnaii, and cross into Kentocky. The rebels have hurned all the oridges on ne Cumberland tumpike, and felled trees cross the road. It was the 8th Virginia reg inient that burned Chumbershing. General Aveill will be compelled to move toward Sectord to operate against the rebuls. will do all he can to arrest their progress. NEW YORK, Angust 6.

Richmond papers state that some traitor has councid the New York Herald of the fact hat Jo. Johnston has been assigned to comlow invading the North. The papers say this fact is unknown in Richmoud heyond the War Department, and still the whole plan of the campaign is laid efcie the world.
The Tribune's New Orleans correspondent

east that the horrible condition of our return-co pisoners from Texas has induced General Carby to waive some points of difference and erder the exchange of all robels held by The same correspondent contradicts the rumers of heavy fighting at Margiawa.
Uliman holds the place. It is very stongly ortified. The rebels do not attempt to take

Ho also doubts the reported capture of the all able bodied registered enemies wi'l be kept as prisoners pending the present military lovements, they having avowed their intention of julicing the rebel army.

All the negroes in the streets are now con-

the Atchafayla on the 28 h. It is reported that Dick Taylor bad crossed to the neighborroud of Plaquemine.

The Heralo's special, dated Nashville, Angust 5th, says: Later news from McCook's gust 5th, says: Later news from McCook's xiedition is highly encouraging, and lessons McCock, with twelve hundred men, has eached Marietta. Two thousand and three hundred had reached there before him. The siog now does not exceed eight hundred.

General Ullman defeated the rebels near

CINCINNATI, Ang. 6.

one. All quiet iu front.

ONE OR TWO WHIFFS OF FRESH AIR. A TRIP TO WEST POINT-GRANESAL SCOTT'S Le was sixty-tonr years old.

respondence of the New York Fvening Post.] WEST POINT, August 1, 1864. The day had been scerchingly hot—the thermometer marking ninety-five in the shede, care not to know, a single broad or basio when we resolved to escape from the city and get a whiff or two of fresh air in the conntry. Three and a half o'clock found us on hoard the Mary Powell, inst gliding from her pler, foot of Jay street, leaving behind the opposition steamer, the dusty wharf, the shouting hackmen and carmen, the importunate runners for the two lines of boats, tho plump Iriehwomen swellering under their woollen chawle, who peddie oranges and candies, the dirty-feed deck-leafers, who, like rats, ever lifet the piers, the two or three "gentlemastly" pickpockete, with diamond rings and studs, who, uniting ; leasure with hasiness, gather there "to see the hoats of," the inevitable right on the law, who who always sits at the end of the parter there to see the hoats of, the inevitable ergro who always sits at the end of the
pler with his feet dangling over the water,
estensibly engaged is fishing, hot in reality
simply taking his ease in the afternoon snnshine, and the one or two policemen who are
sprposed to be gnarding the interests of every one around them. IN THE STREAM.

By the time the hoat reaches the middle of the stream the turmoil of the city subsides, and we hear only the regular working of the machinery as she glides swiftly through the water. The hrecze, too, rises; and as the waves hreak against the bows of the boat the spray is aprickled over us, as we stand on the torward deck, with retreshing coolness. We already begin to take in those one or two whifs of pure air of which we are in aparch. We already begin to take in those one or two whifs of pure air of which we are in search. The city, too, is disappearing hehind ns. We can barely discern the spire of Trinity Church, standing, like a needle, against the horizon. We have safely threaded on way through the various steamers, ferry and ting beats, schooners, sloops, and lesser craft that have laid in our course, and now, with clear water before as, are specific. with clear water before ns, are speeding along at the rate of twenty miles an honr, past the Palisades and the green banks which come down to the water's edge on the opposite side of the river. Notwith-etsnding the dron'h the trees and the grass retain their cmerald tint, and to a donizen of the city seem scarcely to have suffered at al the city seem scarcely to have suffered at all.
One can trace, however, the roads which ruo
near the river by the clouds of dost which
hover above them, and especially when the
trains on the Hudson River Railread sweep
by, nearly hidden frem sight in the accompanying duet, can congrutulate himself that
he is utiliter travelling by stage or car on
said roads but innreving coolly and comdays, and it is expected the city will surrender by, nearly hidden from sight in the accomptone the close of next week.

Gen. Granger will command the land force, which will occupy Mobile. The garrison of the forts, it a perfect success, will crown the fortably by the Mary Powell.

OUR STHAMHR AND CAPTAIN. Thie boat, which is one of the fastost on the The foot, which is one of the fastost on the river, is, we believe, now in her third eeason. She runs from Roudont to New York and heek daily, and touchee at all the principal landings on the route. She is finely modelled, strengly bullt, possessed of a most perfect engine, and invested with the latest improvements. Her decoratious are rich, though the pain and her arrangements for saying her plain, and her arrangements for saving her passengers, in case of fire or accident, com-plete There is little if any jar or motion perceptible in her even when moving nuder a full head of steam, and she may he aptly termed the model boat of the river. Of her captain—Anderson—it is scarcely necessary to speak. He is well known to the travelling public as a quiet, conteons, unohtrusive man; quick, seif-reliant, and decided in all matters pertaining to the management of his boat, which he looks upon with a just pride and a feeling almost amounting to luve.

ribbed and accient as the sun," frowned upon us. Many places, too, of historical interest passed nuder our observation. There were Suncy Point, which "Mad Anthony Wayne" July, 1779; Fort Fayette, at Verplant's Point, opposite, where, in 1782, Washington had his headquarters, and off which, too, as long ago as when Hendrick Hndson first ascended the river, he came to anchor with the Half Moon.

At exactly two hours and a quarter after leaving New York we landed at Cozzens's dock, West Point.

HOTELS, OLD AND NEW. Cczzeus's' Hotel-which, under the manage-ment of the late William B. Cczzene, who for many years was identified with this fashlou-able summer resert, is widely known—has now passed into the hands of three of his sons, each of whose shoulders seem broad enough to wear becomingly the manile which has fallen upon them. No man koew how to keep a hotel better than did Mr Oczzene; and when we recall the days long passed, when, younge by twenty five years and more than we now memy a short distance from the fortifications, and completly rented them. Our cavalry shill pursuing. Our less is very small, and question whether, after all, hotels are kept as that of the rehels neknown.

Con. First telegraphs to Gos. Reservans, they then were. There is more display and upholstery, more servants to more display and upholstery, more servants to wait en you, and more display and upholstery, more servants to wait en you, and more display and upholstery, more servants to wait en you, and more display and upholstery, more servants to wait en you, and more display and upholstery, more servants to wait en you, and more display and upholstery, more servants to wait en you, and more display and upholstery, more servants to wait en you, and more display and upholstery, more servants to wait en you, and more display and upholstery, more servants to wait en you, and more display and upholstery, more servants to wait en you, and more display and upholstery, more servants to wait en you, and more display and upholstery, more servants to wait en you, and more display and upholstery, more servants to wait en you, and more display and upholstery, more servants to wait en you, and more display and upholstery, more servants to wait en you, and more display and upholstery, more servants to wait en you, and more display and upholstery, more servants to wait en you, and more display and upholstery, more servants to wait en you, and more display and upholstery, more servants to wait en you, and more display and upholstery, more servants to wait en you, and upholstery, more servants to wait en you, and more display and upholstery, more servants to wait en you, and upholstery, more servants to wait upholstery, more display and upholstery, more servants to wait upholstery, more display and upholstery, more servants to wait upholstery, more display and upholstery, more display and upholstery, more display and upholstery, more display relish yenr food better, than you did in those cod old times, and in those ancient taverns few, we venture to eay, of our summer tour-

ists can quote appreclatingly these verses of WEITTEN AT AN INN AT HENLEY.

"Tis here with boundless power I reign; And every health which I begin; Converts dull rort to bright to mpague; Euch freedom crowns it stan inn. "I fly from pomp, I fly from plate!
I fly from lakehood's spacious grin!
Freedom I love, and form I hate,
And choose my lodglugs at an inu.

OHere, walter, take my sordid ore, which lackey else might hope is win; It buys what centris have not in store, It buys me freedom at an inu. "Whee'er has travelled life's dull round, Where'er bis stages may have been. May sighte think be still has lound The watmest welcome at an tun." Dr. Johnson was so fond of this little poem

hat, so Boswell tells us, he knew it hy heart and used frequently to repeat it with great emitton. It was of such an iun as the above that Falsiaff said: "Shall I not take mine ease at mine inn?" Notwithstanding the fashior, weslth, and gayety which show themselves the extra relationship of the said. selves prominently at Cozzone's, we managed to take our case and enjoy ourselves in a quist and commerdable manner. We had no diffi-culty either in obtaining the one or two whiffs of jure air of which wo were in search. LIBUTENANT OBNERAL SCOTT.

The first person we saw, after getting out of the cmm has which brought as from the wharf to the hotel, was General Scott scatted in his aim chair, at his accustomed spot of the wide piazza which surrounds the hotel e bore himself with that dignity and comhe bore himself with that dignity and contest of sien for which he has ever been distinguished. Although he is feeble in body, yet his form is erect, and he walks with his cld coldurily ettp, not quite so firm and strong, perhaps, as it was a few years since. His mind, if we may judge from his autobiography which he has just completed and put to press, is unimpaired; and hie conversation shows that he inkes as deep an interest as ever in the welfare of the country. HIS AUTODIOGRAPHY.

The following extracts from the early sheets of his book convey a good idea of its style of composition and its freedom from any attempt at display. It is, so list as we are enabled to judge by the lew pages we have read, characterized by candor, impartiality, and firmerss. It thus commences:

"According to the family Bible, I was horn June 13, 1786, on the farm which I isherited, some fourteen miles from Petersburg, Virginla. My parents, William Scott and Ann Mason, both natives of the eame neighborhood, intermatrised in 1780. \* \* In my sixth year I lost my father—a gallant Lieutenaut and Captain in the Revolutionary army

tennut and Captain in the Revolutionary army and a successful termer. Happily my deal mother was spared to me eleven years ongarend it, in my new protracted career, I have achieved anything worthy of being written, arything that ny countrymen are likely to honor in the next cutury—it is from the lessons of that admirable parent that I de-

he was present; and where he mit War increor Irving, General Jackson, John Randolph, who was foremen of the jury, and other men of note. General Scott refers to it as "a stilling fact, that three ex-Vice-Pre idents, Aaren Burr, John O. Calboun, and John C. Enckinridge, became, cach in his day, a lacter in treason."

The work, which will be issued in two vol-umes, of from five hundred to six boudred pages each, is entitled "Memoirs of Lienten-ani-General Scott, LL. D. Written by him-self." Two portraits of the General accom-pany the volumes, one engraved from a por-trait painted when be was thirty seven years of age, and the other from a bust taken when be was sixty-tong years of

Mr. Ruskin thus hits out indignantly aga ost his own countrymen: We English, as a nation, know not, and care not to know, a single broad or hasio principle of human justice. We have only our instincts to guide us. We will hit anybody again who hits us. We will take care of our own families and our own pockets; and we are characterized in our presont phase of enlightenment mainly by rage in speculation, lavish expenditure on suspicion or panio, generosity wherein generosity is useless.

to death. This is the honorable nation that is trying Indirectly to destroy our Union, and is affording every assistance it dare to the cause of

STABILING NEWS FROM GREEN RIVER-CUBDSVILLE CAPTURED AND PLUNDERED BY A GUERILLA .- Under the above etartling head the Owenshoro Monitor thus disconraes: A few days ago a "solltary horseman," of the guerilla persuasion, appeared upon the entskirts of the city of Curdsville, on Green river, and, after a brief reconnolssance, wherein he assured himself that there were not more than thirty five men in the place, he made a hold dash upon the city, taking its made a hold dash npon the city, taking its occupants completely by surprise.

As there was no gunboat in the river to "thell" him or hembard the town, he proceeded leinnedy to his work of rdunder. He loaded himself with dry goods from the stores, and obtained ir. m safes, which opened at his bidding, a few hundred dollars in greenbacks, and then left the town. We are happy to chrenicie that he did not burn the city, steal any horsee, nor kill any one, though he made a villanous unempt at murder, discharging his pistol at a merchant who was a little dilahis pistol at a merchant who was a little dila-tory about opening his sole.

It is due the pacific citizens of Cardsville to say that they were unarmed. One man told the robber that he would give him battle

if supplied with implaments of war, whore-nyon the gacrilla smiled approvingly and complimented him for his conrage. THE THOUSANDTH BISTHDAY OF A TOWN .-Mrs. M. Booth writes from Zurich, Switzerland, to the Milwankce Life, this character-

istle incident: Yesterday, June 221, the grandest celebra-tion ever known in Switzerland took place at Winterthur, a thriving little city about fif-teen miles from Zurich. It was given in com-memoration of the foundation of the town a theusand years ago, at which time the keys were given up by Rudolph of Hapshurg, who had until then held the town. The cily was crowded and garlauded in the most tasteful manner, and the street procession was far more magnificent and varied than that of the neual carnival. All the old weapons were horrowed for the occasion from the various museums throughout Switzerland, and exact representations were given of numerons histerical scenes heretofore considered too com-plicated and difficult for carnival representa-

JUST THREE WEEKS .- The Atlanta Appea , of the 24th, contains a lengthy editorial r - view of the situation in and around that city, Gen. Thomas; and after making this state-ment, the Appeal adds that on that day Hood had been in command just one week, and that

bad been in command just one week, and that at the rate at which his soldiers were being sinuphtered the army would just last three weeks lorger.

This is a eignificant paragraph, and donhtless expresses the popular opinion, and the feelings of the army. Since that day, one more bloody hattic has been fought—on the 28 b, and 5,000 more men fell. All Sherman reed want is for Hood to resintain his present reed want is for Hoed to maintain his present

Gen. Johuston had already prepared to evacuate Atlanta, before being superseded, and had transperted away a large portion of his supplies; but Jeff Davis reversed his policy, assigned Hood to the commund, and instructed him to fight, and not to retreat. He is fighting, and with what result, the world is already convergant.—Nashville Union.

EXPANDING THE LUNGS .- Step ont into the pureet sir you can had; stand perfectly erect with the head and shoulders back, and then fixing the lips es though you were going to whistle, draw the air through the nostrils into be lungs. When the cheef is about full raise the lurgs. When the cheet is about full raise the arms, keeping them extended, with the paims of the hands down, as you suck in the sir, so as to bring them over the head, just as the lungs are quite full. Then drop the thumhs in ward, and after gently forcing the arms hackwards and the chest open, reverse the process by which you oraw your heath, till the lungs are criticals. the luogs are entirely empty. This process should be repeated three or four times a day. It is impossible to describe to one who has never tried it the glorious sensoof vlgor which fellows the exercise. It is the best expector to the world. We know a gentleman the messure of whose chest has been increased geme three inches during as many months.

SELF MUTILATION TO E OAPE THE DRAFT The Lyons Republican says a miserable sneak of a lellow from Arcadia, whose name it of a fellow from Areadia, whose hane it higher to be Grecu, applied to a dentist in that village n few days ago to have all the teeth of his npper jaw extracted. Mr. Jameson examined the teeth und proncurred them all courd, and refused the request. Green finally confessed his object to disqualify himself for a co'dier, and thus avoid the draft. He afterwards, however, found a deutist (not in Lyors) who took ont the teeth. The Provost Marshal has the coward's name, and if he is drawn he should be sent into the name, if for on other purpose than to become the langhing-stock and buit of the soldiers. Such an na-happily constituted heing suffers more misery in trying to avoid fighting for his country than to die a thousand deaths in gloriously

defending lt. THE MOST BEAUTIFUL HAND .- Two charming women were discussing one day whu; it is which constitutes beauty in the hand. They differed in opinion as much as in the heantiful memhers whose meri's they were discussing. A gertleman hiend presented himsolf, and, by common consent, the question was referred to him. It was a delicate matter. He thought of Paris at d the three goddeses. Glancing from onc'o the other of the beautiful white hands pro-"I give it up; the question is too hard for me; tut ask the poor, and they will tell you that the most hesui'nl hand in the world is the

hand that gives" Mr S. A. Goddard, a stannch friend of unrecuntry, residing at Manchester, is getting up supecciptions for the purpose of aiding the slaves liberated by our armies. It is proposed to send them clothing, on which our government will charge no duties.

A visitation of gypsies took place at Havans, New York, recentty. They departed and returned again, finally taking their leave on Thursday, and making as much parade and show as a circus.

L. B. GRIGSBY, J. F. BOBINSON, ir., Late Q. M. General of Ex-

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MONDAY, AUGUST 8, 1861.

We are beginning to obtain some ligh frem the Philadelphia papers in reference to the movergents of the troops in the Cumberland Valley in connection with the burning of Chambersburg. It appears, that, although the gang which did the damage in the town only numbered five hundred men, the whole of Bradley Jehnson's eavalry were near the town supporting them. The incendiaries were McCausiand's ruffians. Colonel McClure estimates the entire rebel force at thren thoasand men. This places things in a different light frem the statement which has obtained such wide circu'ation through the press. Instead of there being twelve handred strag gless from Averill's command passing through Chambersburg before the arrival of thn rebels, Col. McClure says that General Conch had but forty men there, and they were in charge of Averill's wagon train. It reems that Conch had stationed Averill at Greencastle, to resist the invasion of the State by the enemy, but McOlusland and Johnson marched by the same route taken by former raiding parties—that is, avoiding all the lower towns by a circuitous ronte, and must stay where they are. taking Chambersburg by thn flank. When Couch learned that the enemy were approaching, he ordered Averill to murch around Chambersburg toward Carlisle, whither his wagon train had gone, and thus cover Harrisburg against a surprise. But for this movement, the enemy could have marched to the State capital almost without opposition. Being ignorant of the strength of the approaching rebel army, this course was obviously dictated by prudence; inasmnch as the invaders comprised the bulk of Early's corps, Averill coald not have resisted them at Ohambersburg, because there were no fortifications there. The disposition of forces thas seems to have been as judicious as the circumstances permitted.

There is a very large flect at his disposal there, which mounts over two hundred guns. The equadron consists of the sloops-of-war Hartford, Richmond, and Brooklyn, the Monongahela, Lackawana, Oneida, Metacomet, Sebago, Ossipee, Galena, Conemangh, Tenneesce, Pengnin, Pembina, Itasca, Penole, Kennebec, Port Royal, Genesee, Glasgow, Phillippi, Cowslip, Jasmine, and Buckthorn. The monitor Manhattan is there, also, as a match for the Coufederate iron-clads. Saveral other vessels, temporarily withdrawn from the Gulf, may have retarned there by this time, but the port of Mobile has long been effectually sealed, and if Farragnt succeeds in gaining possession of the city, the rebels will have no important point on the Gn f from Florida to Texas. The report that he sacceeded in running past the forts has not been confirmed, and we look apon it with doubt, for Fort Morgan has been strength ened by new earthworks, the channel impeded by booms, chains, and other obstructions, water batteries erected, several steamers have been iron plated, and there will no doubt be a determined resistance, for every one ca pable of bearing arms has been forced into the

We have somn rumors of the opera-

tions of Admiral Farragut against Mobile.

ranks. We are not apprised of the strength of the land forces under Canby, which will co-op eratn against Mobile, but as it is now abon! a year since it was menaced, we expect the preparations are complete, for they have been on a very large scale. The garrison of the place must have been largely depleted to meet the exigencies at Atianta and Richmond and the fall of Mobile will enable those who capture it o march immediately, by the way place must have been largely depleted to of Montgemery, to the assistance of Sperman. and fall upon the rear of Hord's position, near Atlania. This shows the important natural aspect of Farragnt and Canby's operations. and must induce every loyal heart to pray earnestly for their sneeces.

GOOD OMENS -The current of defection from Mr. Lincoln, as is now manifest enough, has set in vigoronaly, and is flowing not toward Fremont but straight toward the conservative nominee. Mr. Lincoln's arbitrary nltimatum has given a vury powerful impulse to the movement. It is at length visible to the most beedless or the most prejadiced observer. We will point to a few indications which mark the existence and dlrection of the current.

The Rochester Daily Union, the leading conservative journal in Central New York, has the following paragraph:

A FLUTTRAING .- It is reported in the street. that a gentleman of this city, who has hereto fore stood high in the reuks of the Rapahit csns, and has been compelled to bear the standard of the party against his wisnes, has renounced the faith and declared that hanceforth he shall act with the Democracy statement has caused some sensation in politi cal circles.

The Albany Atlas and Argus, noticing this paragraph, says:

We hear of similar conversions in high quarters, in this city, and in nearly every county in the State. The recent proclamation "To all whom it may concern" has given concern to nearly all of Mr. Lincon's old supporters. They regard it as an avowal that our similes are in the field no longer to restore the Union, but only to force on the South a delnsive system of negro equality. The Boston Courier, noticing these para

graphs together, says: There are plenty of such conversions in this part of the country. Among others in "high quarters" in New England, we are well assured of one Republican official holding a very high position (not in this State) who openly preclaims that we "must get rid of Old Abe and all the rest of them, or the country is constant. centry is goue to —;" and of another, occupying a uational position conspicuously in the public eye, and prominently an abolitionist, who says unhecitatingly that he is now "hor peace, on the basis of the Constitution as it is, and the Union as it was."

The Hartford Times, in a short article entitled "THE lesus," relates a like conversion n the city of Hartford:

"I chall never vote again for Abraham Lin coln," said a somewhat influential Republican in this city on Monday. "Heretofore, when you Democrats bave charged that he wa nore for Abolitionism than the Union, I de nied it. Now—I can't say one word. I am for no man who insists upon abolition as a condition even to the opening of negociation or the hearing of propositions. For one, am ready to have the out Union again, with out conditions—with slavery in the South, or not, just as the South themselves choose to decide, for it concerns them most. Whatever else I do, you may be sure I will never vote for Abraham Lincoln again. He has proved himselt, by his Niagara letter, to he no Unice man. His disgraceful manners and obscen-jokes I could put up with, mortifying as th-fact is, rather than voth with a party who have believed (I begin to think perbaps unjustly) were not for the Union; hat I cannot give my sanction to a President who makes abolition an absolute condition even to the hearing of propositions from the rebels."

A correspondent of the New York Herald, writing at Niagara Falls, in the milet of prominent Republicans congregated there from all parts of the North, says:

The more conscrvative of the Republicans declare that they cannot stand by Lincoln in his nltimatum—the total abandonment of slavery—as the only condition for the settlement of this question; that they supposed the war was for the resionation of the Union; and, further, that whenever that cannot be accomplished they want the war to stop, and are not willing that it shall be carried on solely for the abolition of slavery.

The New London Chronicle, one of the ablest Republican papers in Connectica!, says: The President, in his communication "to whom it may concern," laid down a basis on which he would listen to any communications from the rebel Government. His terms shaken by experience, has not yet allowed them to realize that the destruction of a great will never be accepted by the South. His propositions are an effectual baragainst poace. He must modify them somewhat, or he will never be elected President. Many of his warmest friends are not desirous of prolonging the many of the source army like that which covers Richmand, is not to be accomplished by a theatrical coup de main, or to be fixed by an arbitrary point of time, but must be the tesult of terribly earning the war for the immediate parpose or abolishing slavery. That is going too far, sgain. Gen. Grant is not responsible for illa The blood and treasure of the land are too siens which he can never have sich realerprecions to throw in the balance against the existence of a State institution, when the institution is so weakened that it must die a uns verying faith in his ability to take natural death in a few years.

Suppose the South be whipped into giving prevery slave they possess, which will our covernment do with the negroes! It is no mall puzzle to know what to do with those bready liberated. The lifer that the freed egrees are self-mataining, is all nonsense. The life that the life that

The Beston Herald, which has to a heretoore a very zealous Republican jour 141, says: The present appears to be a fitting time for the present appears to be a fitting time for the press of the country to be asid old party are and devote themselves to the task of restoring peace to the nation user a basis which should be slike honorable to all con-The present raid into Maryland, breatening, as it does, Baltimore and Wash-ngton, the heavy drafts which are constantly being made upon the people in the shape of men and meney—to say nothing of heavy taxatien and the high price of living—idmonish as that war is a serious matter, viswed even in its most favorable aspects.

We presume the people of the South are satisfied that they cannot embjagate the North, and the people of the North are satisfied that they cannot subjugate the South. This being true, what becomes our duty, to stay the samphter of men, to restore peace to the country? This is a political question, and must be decided at the polls by the voters of both sections of the country. If the press would note, npon any basis that would recommend itself o the people, there would be no difficulty in emirg to an and retanding apon the sahieet Can we spree with the South upon any term? Can we offer a basis of settlement which they will adopt, and which as the same time will be satisfactory to the North? For our part we see no way opened for a return of the retel States to the Union except by and through the agency of the Constitution. They must either resume their State sovereignty and acknowledge the Federal Constitution, or they

close, or convince the people that they have the power to do so before long.

The Newturyport Herald, another Republicsn journal of Massachusetts, and one of marked ability, says:

The people of the country desire most of all a rennion of the States; and though the North would be glad to see slavery abolishthat as a condition would be in a small mi-nority. They bight for the Union, and not to abolish slavery, leaving that and all other institutions to take their chances in the war to restore the integrity of the nation. The result, therefore, of making this demand neon the Seathern men who talk of neace, is to and its prospect for the future, and at the same time unite the South in deadly histlity. We very much regret that Mr Lincoln should have taken this ground We regret candidate himself; and we regret it more, because it closes the door for the present, at least, to all further discussion. The Southare as much determined that they will not have slavery abolished by the North, as we should have been that we would not have it planted in the North, if Breckinridge had been President; and if we adhere to this idea we weaken the aim of the loyal Sta'es and prelong the war into the hazy and darkened future.

What we want to secure is not emancipaion of slavery; not the success of this party or that; but the nation's integrity—the Union as it was. All other considerations are of no consequence—not worth naming. Give us the Union in peace, and we shall be fully capab'e of taking care of all else. Slavery will cettie itself; it was doing so as rapidly as it could safely, before this war commenced Give us Union In peace, and the national debt would be nothing. If it was two thousand millions more than it is to-day, the national stock would at once advance 30 per cent above par, and gold would sink, till both would come near a level. Give us Union in peace. and we should present such a front to the world as to be ever after secure against an creechments and insults from abroad, and we should hold the destiny of the Western Continent in our own hands.

The Troy Whig, a highly respectable organ of the Republican party in the Empire State,

It may not have been amiss for the President to make it a condition that a restoration of the Union should be the basis of negotiation, because it would be a waste of time to attempt a settlement upon any other terms— but when he went further, and demanded that order the Coastitution, and President Lincoln, no more than President Davis, has a right to change its provisions or to add to its conditions. We bate and despire slavery as heartily as any other man, but we cannot join hands with those who, looking solely to its destruction close their mas to all other interdestruction, close their nyes to all other inter ests, and see in their own object a panacea for every national ill.

Finally, the New York Round Table, which throughout its brilliant carcer had steadily supported Mr. Lincoln, was constrained thus to give him up in its closing number: There is no use in concealing the fact that the people are losing their confidence in the Administration. They believe Mr. Lincoln bonest, and that he tries to do what he thinks best for the country, but that he is inadequate to the task which Providence has allotted him. In plain English, he is not equal to the emer-

gency. These are unwelcome words, but the people know in their hearts that they are true. Down below the warm regard for Mr. Lincoln as a man and a President, below the popular faith in his integrity of purpose, below the papular faith in his integrity of purpose, below the party feelings which sway nvery man to a greater or less degree, there is a sover conviction in the minds of a majority of the people that Abraham Lincoln is not the man for this tremendous crisis.

They give him credit for integrity, honesty, patriotism, and ability, but they acknowledge with corrow that he is not the President that the nation needs.

We might easily point to further ladications of the same description; but these are enough to substantiate our remark that the current of defection from Mr. Lincoln, the most heedless or the most prejudiced being judges, has set in vigotously, and is flowing not toward Fremont but atraigh: toward the conservative nominee. Let that nominee be s man so unequivocally and conspicaourly devoted to the preservation of the Union under the Constitution that his position cannot be honestly mistaken by any person of decent intelligence, and the mere force of his preition, setting aslde all charm of character. all magic of abilities, and all splendor of services, will shatter the Republican party into fragments, leaving Mr. Lincoln the worst TO SULLERS. fragments, leaving Mr. Lincoln the worst

beaten man who ever stood for the Presi-

dency. And the conservative nominee will

be such a man. Mr. William Swinton, the well-known special correspondent of the New York Times, writes to that paper a detailed account of the attempted assault on the lines of Petersbarg on the morning of the 30th alt., and the canses of its failure. He thinks the unsuccessful attack has produced a sentiment of dasp ndency out of all proportion with its mere material loss, and does not regard it as afford ing ground for any abatement of heart or hope regarding the successful issue of the campaign. The failure is discouraging, but it is one of the casualties of war, and the disap pointment was aggravated by the high anticipations and expectations which had long been entertained as to the damaging character of the blow to be struck. O: these Mr. Swinton remarks that "for more than a month thearmy had remained quiet bo ore Petersburg. Orphic intimations came that Grant was forging thunderbolts of war. Mysterions hints were thrown ont of a wonderful gnnpowder plot in preparation, and one person in Richmond, and many in the North, had the notion that Petersburg was undermined in such a manner that it needed but a spark to scad the city and its contents toward the moon. Senators returning from the army assured us that the day was not far distant when we would have Richmond presented to as, like the head of John the Baptist, on a server. The disap pointment at the dissipation of these purple mirages is none the less real because con heads are compelled to lay the blame at the door of those who mistook them for solid realities—of those whose credulity, na-

of that quackers which makes milliary almsnace and fixes the limes and seasons of results placed by the very nature of things alike beyond human ken and human control."

A much more substantial ground of hopeful anticipation, Mr Swinton savs was turnis et by the promising aspect of the military problem before Petersburg, auf the rem rkuble success that attended the execution of the preliminaries in the plan of operations. The army of Lee, weakened by important detachments which he had the temerity to throw off eccentrically into the valley of the Sachandosh. and remove hopelessly from the possibility of recall in such time as to be available for an emergency, was just at the moment of action additionally weakened by important detachtachments drawn off to the north side of the James river by the ndmlrable strategy that led the enemy to anticipate an attack on Richmond by that line. it is in evidence that from fifteen to twenty thousand men were on Thursday and Friday thus drawn away from Petersburg, sent by rail to Richmond, thrown across the James, and thence marched down toward Malvern Hill. Now, though there is no reason to believe that Lee was long deceived in regard to the actual point of attack, it is certain that he was not disabused at a sufficiently early moment to allow recall of his troops in time to aid in repelling the assault of Saturday morging. These enhiractions from an army already frightfully reduced by the terrible campaign of the past three months, could only have left Lee barely sufficient troops to man his We warn those in power that a crisis is rapidly approaching that will harl them from their seats, unless they bring this war to a the parapets of Petersburg on Sa'nrday mornlines. Mr. S. has been informed by o'ezervers ing cannot have been much beyond twentyfive thousand men. With such a garrison it is impossible to hold stontly a line ten miles lorg. There must be some week point at which the line can be forced, just as Mariborough found this spot in the lines of Mehaigne and Bonchaia, plerced it, and rolled nphis adversary. Now, it so happened that ench a point had been found in the defences of Petersburg-a point which, if not wrak in itself, would at least give such enormoas advantage to ns, could it once be secared, that the fortune of the day might be said to turn

upon its possession. Elaborate observation of the terrain had revealed one of those "keypoints" which Napoleon, Frederick, and Cæsar never falled to seek on all their hattlefields. This position is a dominating ridge lection—plainly and positively stated by the or hill (Cometery Hill) on the east side of the city, which, if carried by the assaulting column, would bring it on the rear of the whole rebel line, permit our artillery to sweep its entire proloagation, and at the same time givo us command of the Appenattox and its crossings. A victory under such circumstances could hardly fail to be a decisive one-it must enver the rebel army in twein, and bring about most important captures of men and material. These results were fully counted npon by the head of the army as the sequents of success. That we should have failed to carry a point involving in itself so much, especially after so successful an execution of all the preliminary operations, is certainly a legitimate cause of public mortification. This, however, far from dispensing with, rather prompts investigation of the causes of a failure so lamentable, which Mr. Swinton proceeds to offer. We give the explanation entire in another column.

A special correspondent of the Memphis Appeal, which belongs to the class of rebel papers on legs or wheels that the Loaisville Courier had the honor to naher in,

The accession of a conservative Democrat like McClellan to the Presidency, who would conduct the war npon more humane princi-ples, who would repeal the Emancipation Proclamation, and probably make overtures to the South to return to the Union, with a guarantee of all constitutional rights, would - a mest fatal calamity-than the combined efferts of the present party in power.

This pregnant truth is recognized univerthan half the Northern people, among whom its recognition, general and deep as it is already, is spreading and intensifying daily. In the manifest development of this trnth at the North Mr. Lincoln may read his fate in November. His fatn is certainly written therein

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We will continue to sell during the prisent week ont entire elock of

Table Bamasks, Irish Linens, Nainsooks, Mulls, Cambrics, Towellings, Tablecloths, Napkins, Doyles, &c., at 50 per cent less than present prices.

Also a beantiful assoriment el LADIES' AND MISSES' LISLE THEE AD HOSIEBY

Ladies' and Misses' Cotton Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Gauze Underwear, Hoop Skirts, Sun Umbrellas, &c., at equally low prices.

No. 320 Fourth st., bet. Market and Jefferson. MONTGOMERY & FRYER.

NOTICES.

DROTDERS, SISTERS, AND FBIENDS OF E. MOUNT, of Issauneas coanty, Mississippi, will please write to me, at Johnson's Island, Ohio.

Block 1, Mess i (Prisoner of War).

a6 c3

J. B. O'BANNON. NOTICE TO JAIL BUILDERS. NOTICE TO JAIL BUILDERS.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE OOURT

of Claims of Mensar county, Kw., entered up at the
last session, we bereby give notice to all hall-builders
that we are acw really to let out the contract of halldlag the stone jail in Mercer county. Any one wishing to see at le plane and specifications of said hall can
do so by calling noon Jak. H. Stage. B da will be recoived until the second monday in September

This, ED Wak DS,
JAS. H. STAGO.

O. W. THIMPSON,
D. H. JAOKSON,
W. E. CLELLAND,
Unmittee.

Harrofeberg, Ky, Ang 6, 184-d d

Harrofeburg, Ky, Ang 6, 184-d d NOTICE TO PRINTERS CEALED PROFOSALS WILL BE EXCELVED D until Monday, the 8th inst, at3 oco k P. M. for printing 1,00 copies of the Annual Report of the Sear of Trustees of Pa lip Schools. For further laormston apply to the andstadgned ormston apply to the andstadgned ormston apply to the andstadgned or GREEN, S.B.T. Office in the new Female Wigh S hool hidding, on the west side of First street, one door not have a solamid

Dissolution of Partnership. W. E. THE INDERSIGNED, DISSOLVE BY RESULTS OF DESCRIPTION OF DESCRIPTION OF THE STATE OF THE STA

THE OFFICE OF THE UNION INSURby me have been temperarily removed to the front room over the Store et J. D. Bendaraut al d2m ROBERT ATWO D. Notice to Stockholders. Notice to Stockholders.

THE STOCKBOLOERS OF THE PEOPLE'S BANK Of KENTUCKY are hereny notificitize the sunral meeting for the election of a Board of directors and tor the transaction of any basises which may be brought before them will be beld at the Fank, in this city, on Mon'ay, the 3d day of October plox, al 100 clo.k A. M.

JAMES H. HUSEE, Cashier.

Lonisville, Ang 1, 1864—dtd

Dissolution. Dissolution.

I is COPARTNEHISTIP HERETIFORS EXis ring between W. H. McKNIGHT and H. H.
WEBBEH, nater the firm of McKNIGHT and H. H.
BEK, is this day dissolved by mutual consent
Aff persons having claims against the late from any
requested to present them for ast foneut, and aff
knowled the messives indebted to the late from will
please call and softly. Either party is an bodied to
reccipt for all dibts due the late from
W. H. MokNIGHT,

W. II. McKNIOHT WILL CONTINUE THE basiness at the old stant and hopes by strict altention to business and tar desting to merit accounting one of the libersl parronage ex ended to the late lerlsville, Augnet 3, 1864

John W. Gray's Administrator John W. Gray's Creditors, &c., } In Chancery. IT DROUGHT TO SETTLE THE my W Gray, decayed. All the cradicatified to file their claims with the perly authenticated, on or before the 

NOTICE.

THE FIRM OF NO. K. WICKS, & OO, HAVING I. Olds, lyd coparthership out the 22th July, the nudersforced will continue the business at tax old stand, 317 Main street, ander the firm name and style of NCCB, HALL, & OH.

The base store of MANUFACTURED TOBACOO in all its grades now held by us will be offered in tvory low rates. Il lie grades now held by us will be observed frates.

Is: FINE OUT CHEWING and SHOKING TOCCO, CIGADS, SNUFF, &c., in great variety,
secial attention given to consignments of Theaco,
her Less or Hamfactured, on which we will make
eral advances.

SAMURE L. NOCK,
JOHN S. HALL,
yer dum
LEVI L. NOUK.

REWARDS.

\$50 REWARD. STRAYKD OR STOLEN-From the stable of Win fivore near Midway, Windford country, on Wednesday Light, Juny 27, 1866, a by to hands 'lech high, blind in left eve. star in a and sip on note and 8 or 9 years old. For oursell, plate will be about 18 or 18 or

ON WEDNESDAY, THE 2D INST. FROM THE Na hvill type, a lack patent leather Valities, containing country 3.6. Improved to be taken in mattle. The finder will please lace it a the Journal of Co. A Liberal raward will be given.

Pecket Book Lost,

\$25 REWARD. SIRALD FOM MY SCABLES,

structed on Shelty are: t, last In a

structed on Shelty are: t, last In a

structed on Shelty are: t, last In a

ten correlag, Jaly 25, a area white

very fat; sire a small Blake MULE (consequent)

laving a slight ager on her left for leg. The shore

reward will be paid for their delivery to

Charles and Marketsta.

a2 d6:

Corner Brock and Marketsta.

STO REWARD.

STRAYED OR SIGEN FROM THE

Arm of Plarvey McE'roy, one mile from Leomore, Ey, ou the picht of the clevinst, a
light bay hers; b tears of 15 g hands high,
with white stre k down the frehend, both hind feet
whire, small rotch in lef, our brandel under the
mare with tueletter P B, a last raker.

1 will pay the atore raward for the delivery of said
borne to use of fer information so that counget him
192 dies.

Strayod.

FROM A DROVE NEAR THE NISHVIGHT
Depot, July 13, a disabition gray HOSSE
bracked ander the name offner with a letter
Torly M. A liberal result will be given H
returned: W. B. LFONABD,
19'4 dtt Marketzt, bel Salhand Seventh.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA,

San Francisco. Incorporated under the Laws of the State of CAPITAL, TWO MILLIONS CF DOLLARS, Paid in Fell, in Gold Coin of the United States.
D. O. MILLES, President.
WILLIAM C RALSFON, Cashier.
LEES & WALLER, Correspondents, Offices No. 33 Pine st. will be cashed, or collected at current rates Bills of Exechange on the Earls of London Fir amounts to suit purchasers, will be issued at San Francisco and New York. Bixchange ouight and sold on the leading citles of the United States. STOCKHOLDERS IN THE BANK OF CALL-

STOCKHOLDERS IN THE BANK OF CALIBERT BOWN AND AND ADDRESS OF THE BANK OF CALIBERT BOWN AND ADDRESS OF THE BANK OF CALIBERT BANK OF CALIBERT BOWN AND ADDRESS OF THE BANK OF CALIBERT BANK OF C

WANTED.

Wanted for a Circular Saw Mill,
A MAN COMPETENT TO BUN A CIRJULAR
Saw Mill. To a good hand first-ret-wages and
stordy employment with be given. Apply 1 George
Brichten, north side Markot street, between Their
cor Kouril

Board Wanted TN A PRIVATE FABILY WHERE THERE ARE Ino others, or but 'ew, for mysel', wite, and two chicarn tone 7 years and the other is months old). Address R., Jennai offi w. 65 d3 Wantod,

A OUOD HOUSE-SERVANT AND NURSE, Nust
he we i recommended Appy at S. S. Bush's
effice, Jefferson street, between Fourili and Filth,
a6 d3

Wanted.

I WISH TO BENF A SMALL DWELL
ING-HOUSE conventy located. Address J.

W F, No. 229 Main street, between Second
and descriptions.

WANTED.

CAVE MONEY BY PRODURING A BUBSTITUE

before the diait. Apply to

O. A. CONEOW.

No. 413 Mala st. up stairs,
between Fourth and Fitth. DOARD WANTED IN A PRIVATE FAMILY BY

Wanted to Rent,

A DWEILLING HOUSE CENTRALLY LOcated. Professed on Jefferson. Address
B., Lonlaville F. O.

Wantod, CUBSTITUTES AND VOLUNTEERS FOR ABMY O AND NAVY.—We are paying the highest boun-tice her Substitutes and Veinniers for the Gnuboat service and all branches of the army. For further information apply to O. A. CONBOW. Recruiting Agent, O. A. CONBOW. Recruiting Agent, No. 413 Main street as stairs, between Fourth and Firm

Information Wanted.

I Ali AS YET UNAUE TO HEAR FROM OR find my son. Obsries Clement, who has been lost since the 25th day of Jaly, 1646. He is in a deranged state of mind frem epilepin fits. He is Al vasare old, 5 leet 6 it ches kit h, ane black heard. Had on oay yearte and a whirt wheat to left (black wants, white shirt, and a small hal). We are very anxions about him in his help-ses stats, and any one who can give as any internation of his whereabouts or his fate will cooler a great faver. I will pay acy one well who will take care of him and let me know where he is or bring him oms. Information Wanted. ning Lim to ms.

JOS. CLEMENT, Court Place,

Residence on the east side of Seventh street,
a3 (4) letween Chestinat and Broadwar.

THREE MEN WANTED TO OO AS SUBSTI-tutes. Men not diable to draft lequire at McEl-vone's Sixth street Hunse, Sixth and Market. a2d6 O. W. Cakitigan, Recruiting Agent.

Wanted,
A WOMAN (WHITE OR COLORED) TO WASH,
A iron and do general hoave-work. To one that
cas come well recommended itberal wages will be
paid. Analy immediately fo ε2 d6

Wanted.

Wanted.

O EUMHUGI BUT THE IELIOICUS TRUTH

Notes reduced. I will be to many person how
made \$50,000 in two years time, and how they over
more thesams; also how any lady or gentiemen over
the control age can make from \$3.00 to \$5.00 per
terms years of age can make from \$3.00 to \$5.00 per
terms years of age can make from \$3.00 to \$5.00 per
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terms years years

Wanted to Ront.

Wanted to Ront.

While the state of the \$100 PER HONTH -- ACTIVE AND RE able Agents in the Army and everywhere size in the loss increative basiness known. Honorable and in sk. Address or apply to T. & O GAUOHAN, 116 Broad war, N. Y.

Substitutes Wanted. SUBSTITUTES SUPPLIED! I AM PAYING THE HIGHEST PRIUES FOR JOHN McCARTHY, Corner Fifth and Green sts. 127 d3m WANTED-SUBSTITUTES,

WO ABLE-BODED MEN, EITHER WHITE or black, act liable to the droft. Apply at No. Elmiket between Second and Third streets, south in 22 dtr. A School Wanted.

A NATIVE KENTUCKIAN, HAVING MUCH a reperience in the instagement of first-class schools, especially Femile, desires to infect as arrangement, for the entaing term, in some slightle focation giving promise of permansace. Address syledime.

WENTER,

FIRST-BATE COLUMED WASHWOMAN, free
or slave, without incurabrance. Apply to;

GEO. E. HEINSOHN,
m27 dtf East side Second bet. Green & Walnut.

CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO. Of Hartford.

Raifo of Exponos to Receipts for eighteen years is even and nino-tenths per cent. A Company should show its Liabilities and ratio of Ex-censes as well as its Assets. People should investigate before insuring.

#6 This Company, organized in 1846 on a systematicity Blutual. There is no stock or quaranty fit to show it the profits, the all the samplus is smell precised to the poil y holders as styld and, in propose to the anomal of renewals prevalent also the floor years. This million our hunded and save a

Undertaker's Notice.

Y FORMER PARTNER, L. D. PEARSON, HAV

Three Years, Five Years,

SOLON PALMEB, BETHEL COLLEGE. or PLAT BEAST N OF THIS INSTITUTION the heads on the first Monday in Sectember with lowing Faculty. IUNT, A. M., President and Prof. AY, A. M., Prol. cl Mathematics blosuphy. E. J. MUBPHY, Assistant in Preparatory and Liu.

The advantages of an extensive and commo-

• To be supplied. Chestnut St. Female Academy, PHILADELPHIA

THE TWENTY-NIATH FEMI-ANNUAL SESI ston of this FRENOrd and ENGLISH BOARDING and DAY SUHDOL will reopen ou Wednesday,
Sept. 14, at 1,615 Chestnur street. Miss Bonney and
Miss Dillars Principals. Particulars from Oricetars

PHOTOGRAPHS. Rich, Rare, and Racy!

A VERY BRAUTIFUL PIUTURE OF THE lances meet woman in the world; a peouliar rich colored photograph in oil, take i rom life; beantiful to benel i, This is really a magnificent piecinre; a perfect gen. She is a bewittening beauty. Price fifty cents. Sant free by mail in a real-d circular envelop Address

BAVIS & BRO.

Dox 1,232 Post office, Uncinnati. U. Shelby College, Kentucky, THE ENSUING SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION will be commenced on the first Monday in

For Information apply to the undersigned.

WM J. WALLEB, Tresident.
Shefbyville, Ky., Aug. 4 1864.—d15 HIDES.

1,000 GREEN SALTED HIDES in good con dillou, on consignment and for sale by HOPKINS, SMITA, & CO.
Second at , Main and Market. ATTENTION, DEALERS!

All orders promptly filled.

I were appointed by the New York Characteristics of the size JAM' TODP, Mi Main st. All orders promptly filled,

FOR SALE-FOR RENT!

Fer Sale. WILL SELL THE PLACS ON WHICH I BE-SIDE on the salterms. It is singled on Portland state and Bruk street, below Eightonth street. It 27 feet from 1 by 650 feet in death, and bas a good ick house, a well, a citeru within multiple pour

Cave City Hotel for Rent THIS VELL-KNOWN HOTEL WILL BE RENT LED to the highest blider. Applications must be accompanied by good accommendations as to ability to keen a first-class Hotel. Apolty, un'il the first of the periods, and the first of the fir

Enom for Rent. ONE LARGE PRONT ROOM, MURNETHED OR

O ha hithlest, cettrally located, can be obtained by the or two young gentlemen. Retrained give and required Address a. B. O., Posterfiles as 13° 

Apply to A. B Temple, at armskfort.
11. O. ANDERSON. Spring Wagon and Pony for Sale, THREE-SPRING WAGUN, In good (rifer, and a gool stands and the fore Wadung as a rest of the rut up at suction at Levi's Stabio, Saventh dillaket Arply at 609 Maiu street, one door above oniss in elected.

For Rent. A MEDIUM-SIZED STORE-BOOM, CRN. Front Itall: ocated, on Third street. For particulars address Box 765 Louisville Post office, a7 62°

For Salo, A FECOND-HAND BUGGY AND HABNESS
A little repairing weald render the larger a most excellent and service able one. Price \$4150 apply to THOS. J. GRETETIMS, a6 \$30 Jefferson st., bet, Nints and Tenth.

For Salo,

ONE OF THE HANDSOMEST AND best fittle FARMS in the country control to find the country countrol for the countrol find the country countrol find the countrol find the countrol find the country countrol find the c

For Sale,
A SUBSTANTIAL, DOLBGE-SEAT, SHI TINGTOP BUGNY, with Havnoss. Apply at Clarko
Bisdley's, opposite Galt House. as 42\* For Sale Cheap,

A FAMILY ROOKAWAY HORSE, with BOCKAWAY and HASNESS complete Free \$2.0. Inquire at No 603 Moia street between Fenrth and Fifth, over DO Haro's Timk store, or at 632 Seventh street, between Walnut and Ebestont, west side. FOR SALE.

For Sale Cheap---Cash and Time. Of Sate Officers - 201 FEET PIEEP TO A Office the state of the Periland arenue, be were Eightwonth and Ninet-cath streets, and near the residuous of kibt. Haird, Esq. On one let have is a new two story fram; dwaifing house with six rooms, good callar, and in the rear a new frame at-ble, all built one year ago-large gardea atlached—the ether two lets vacaat. Terms 24,500—23,500 cash; balance in one and two years, with interest and it in Inquircol F S. Siegei, Instrument-Maker, 413 Third street, between Jefferson and Green al de

WISHING TO MOVE TO LOUISwille, I will sell or roti my FARTL oo in
the Ollo river, eix mises above Olover and in
york, Ky., convaiding 676 acres of bottom
and, 39 acres in entitivation, 20 acres in meadow and
the bishuce in other or ps. The buildings are as sy,
camprising a good dwelling barse, stables hay pross,
steds, and tellant homes. I wish to sell the hay (eecored in bish and stack), the growing oraps, stock,
und farallux implements. Address ed farn.lux implements Address 1939 dt 2 JAS, G STEPHENS Oloverport, Ky

For Sale or Ront.

A GOOD LITTLE PARM. CONTAINING 138 acres, and under fence, and mostly in grass-first rats water-good frait and good buildings of all sorts—in Oldhaw county, one mila from Buckner Statica, to the Louisville and Frankfort E. R.—which I will exchange for greenbacks. Apply to B. Masco, on the premises, or during Howard, Louisville.

1979 dira?

BUBT MASON. TWO EXTRA FINE ROOKAWAY
HORSES, cound and perfectly rentle. On
the soon all Miller & Lounard's starles, Marketstreet, between Eixth and Seventh.

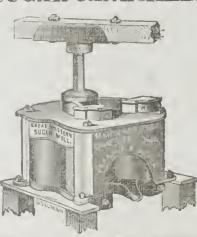
For Sale or Reet.

LOCUSTGROVE, SITUALED ON THE Bardstewn road, in a healthy and devil platful neighborhood, three miles from the constants 12 ins. a good celler, cistern, and sil necessary outdings and an abundance of water. There are any to be a solid or the constant of the constant

TOBACCO DEALERS. MOLYOKE & BOGERS TOBACCO FACTORS

CONCERN TO THE STORY OF T R. ATKINSON & CO., Thuson Factor & Commission Marship REW YORK. DVANCES WILL BE HADE ON SELFMEN To abore address or to liverpool by 0. W. The se & Co., Ho. 122 West Wein street 22 Co.

PEARSON&AIKIN'S **GREAT WESTERN PREMIUM** SUGAR CANEMILL



Warranted to give Satisfaction Money Returned upon Receipt of the Mill.

We are manufacturing THARE SIZES, both Horizon-Nos. land 2 Are our late improved apright Mills, constructed very simple, yst for ease, capacity, and durability they cannot be excelled.

We mannisctured and soli a large number of these Mills last season. All worked well and gave perfect satisfaction. No. 8 is the very is set improved Horizontal Mill, which is also simple. It is different from all other mills, and cannot be surpassed for ease and strength Osli and examine our stock before purchasing elsere.
v further particulars or circulars address ne al
Emundery, sonth side of Main, belween Twifth

PEARSON & AIRIN, i18eod2m&w3m Kentucky Agoncy for the Graefonborg Cempany of New York.

The first of Whom We are successors

were appointed by the New York Graefenberg MEDICAL.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla,
FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD,

And for the speedy care of the following complaints: Serofula and Serofulous Affect tions, such as Tumors, Dicers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pro-tnies, Elofches, Bolls, Blaine, and all Sklu Diseases.

J. C. AYEA & OO.—Guithe I feel it any duty to se-the wind it and the control of the control of

Yours, ALFRED B. TALLEY. St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipeian, Tet-ter and Sait Rheum, Scald Head, Ring-worm, Sure Eyes, Brupsy.
Dr. Robert M. Freble wiles from Saiom, N. Y., 12th September, 1859, that he has cared an inveterate case of Dropsy, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Saranparilla, and also a dancerous Malipant Erysipelas by large doses of the same: says he cares the common Eruplions by it con-stantly.

stantly.

Bronchoccie, Notire or Swelied Neck.

Rebulon sloan, of Prapect, Toxas, writes: "Three
bottles of year Sarasparilla curved me from a Goinea hideous welling on the neck, which I had suffered
from over two years."

lug., 1859. ly with tha DB. J. O. AYEA-SIT

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMEB, M. D. Rheumatism. Gonf, Liver Com Independence, Preston Co., Va., 5th Dr. J. O. Aven—Sir: I have been allie alafol chronic Rheumatism lor a long 1

them.

Dyspepsing, Heart Disease, Fits, Epliepsys, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine

Romes.

A greet variety of cases have been reported to ne where curee of these formidable complaints have realited from the ase of this remety, but our spacears will not admit them. Same of them may be founding our american Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., n7 sodeowly Lowell, Mass.

DYSENTERY

Diarrhoea. DIXON'S AROMATIC

BLACKBERRY

CARMINATIVE Is the only safe and snre enrn. It contains no opium or deleterious drugs, no mineral or other injurious compounds common to remedies generally seld for this class of disease. It is so effectious that Physicians very generally use it in their practice in all chronic and dangerous cases. Use no Cholcra mixtures o tot-ful compositions, (many of which undermine and ruin the constitution,) when you can obtain on unfailing remedy as simple

fo as Blackberrica themselves.

Ask for Dixon's BLACKBERRY CARMINA-TIVE, and see that the proprietor's name written on the outside wrapper of each bot tle. Prepared only by Medavidor Sola Proprietor, CINCINNATI. For sale by all respectable druggists.

Price, (old style, 35 cts.) 25c., 50o. and \$1. per Bottle. Galen's Head Dispensary. VENEREAL DISEASES, 47 F And all Affections of the Urinar and Generative Organs of both senses. Just published. A BIEDIUAL REPORT.

A SIEDICAL REPORTS

Thirteenth edition, containing soprarings, on a new method of treating VENERBAR, speaked, so the passes and 60 fluor plates read some method of treating VENERBAR, speaked, speaked,

FFICE-314 Fifth strest, between MA aron, west side.

To hanne safety to all letters, direct to

GALEN'S HE'AD DISPENSARY,

Drawer 247. Lonisville, R. mars eod6m DUE INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USA

the Nashvilla Railread was ficad into at Franklin by a party of destardly bnehwhackers. The cars were running at good speed, and fortunately passed the point of danger without accident. Several of the hox-cars were severely marked with halls. One of the ukesmen had his clothes pierced with hucko, and another, a mere boy, had his head

grazed and slightly furrowed hy a riflie-ball. A short distance below Franklia the feeight train met the np passenger train, and waruod the officers of danger shead. The guards were concentrated in the coach adjoining the biggage car, and every man placed in readiness to repel all attacks. The engineer was instructed to proceed slowly and cautiously along the road. About half way between Franklin and Woodburn, the telegraph wires were observed to be cut and stretched upon ths ground. The train advanced very slowly, and errived at Woodbarn without meeting with any accident. A stranger in civizens' dress was discovered standing near the track, and his actions were so suspicions that the military conductor placed him under arrest. Hasaid that he left the gnerills band a few minutes before not more than n quarter of a milelcom by the gnerillas to act as a pllot for them. He said that they numbered ten men, superbly monnted, and each one armed with a doublebarreled shot-gnn and a brace of revolvers. They intended to capture the down freight trains over the road and bnrn them, then lav they wisely made a short detonr from the | by its universal repute. read. The "peaceable citizen" said that thoy

there shall be no lack of expence or energy on his part to procure the necessary informaperfect as a book of this kind can be made. much solicitation before inserting their advertisements, and some refuse altogether, is | hle inhabitants. something wa cannot understand. A better medium than a Directory cannot be thought of, for it is a book that strangers as well as citizens have constantly to use. We hope that the Directory for 1864 and 1865 will give some Idea of the immense business of our city by the advertisements of our large firms, and that the proprietor who has had the auterprise to nndertake ench a precarions job will be better rewarded in a pecuniary way than his predecessors. Mr. Edwards requests us to arge upon those who have any doubts as to their names, or any other information, having been omitted, to forward the same to Box 887, Post-office, or call at the office, 318 Fourth

the Memphis Branch road, last week.

Some timo since, Governor Bramlette appointed Mr. James P. Flint a commissioner and agent to look after and ascertain the number of slaves who have left Kentucky and entered the service of the United States In other States. We are happy to learn that Mr. Flint has been very successful in tracing a large number who have enlisted at Clarks. ville, Tennessee, and at other points, who will now be credited to onr State. He has uniformly been treated with courtesy, and his labors, aided by those who have command of colored regiments. Mr. Flint contemplates visiting Frankfort to day for the purpose of making a full report to the Governor, and from that document, when mada public, we shall be abla to find how many men will be credited on the quota of Kantucky, and many owners will be able to ascertain from Mr. Flint the whereabouts of their runaway

The Second Kentucky cavalry regiment has been very actively on duty during the past month. It left Nashvillo for Decatur on the 9th of July, and on the 10th started with Major-Goneral Ronsseau on his Alabama raid. Upon again entering our lines, near Powder Springs, it started for Marietts, and was afterwards sent to relievo General Stoneman, who was gnarding Sweetwater river. On the 26th, with rations and forage for three days, it started on another raid, and crossed the Chattahoochie, eight miles below Campbellton. On account of tha juded condition of the horses, a great many of the me i wera sent back, at different stages of the march, and finally Lient. A. Garli z was ordered to take charge of them to Lost Mountain, which they reached on the last day of July, and went into camp.

A FATAL ACCIDENT .- A sad accident .occurred yestorday morning on the down passenger train over the Lonisville and Nashville railroad. Mr. Wm. Small, a young gentleman well known in this city, while nttempting to step from n rear to a forward coach, lost his balance and fell between the two curs. Tho rear part of the train passed over his body, mangling it in a horrible manuer, and producing instant death. We understand that the remains of the unfortunate man arrived in the city last night on the evening

NEW Music .- A ballad of rare beauty has just been published by Mr. William McCarrell, of 310, Jefferson street, entitled, 'Bear Gently, so Gently, tha Roughly Mada Bier," or 'Butish at Camp," the words by Mrs. E. We have no doubt that this ballad will become one of the most popular of the many beantiful airs which have been inspired by the thrilling incidents of the battle field. Mc-Carrell has brought it ont in his usual excel-

LOUISVILLE TO BE FORTIFIEO .- We node stand that on Saturday afternoon the City Conneil had a called session, and authorized the Mayor to employ four hundred laborers, to place the fortifications around Lonisvillo in immediate repair. The military anthorities made a request that the city might be placed in a state of defence, and the city tatbara promptly acted npon the view and request

Me We learn that Llentenant C. C. Adams, so long known as the efficient Adjaiant on the staff of the Post Commandant of Louisville, has tendered and had his resignatlon accepted. He retires to private life, bearing with bim the well wishes of the hosts of friends won while acting in his official ca-

ARREST OF DESERTERS .- Wm. Siperl, of company H, 32d Obio volunteers, was arrested in the city on Satnrday, charged with being a deserter. Granville Pruett, a private of the 5th Kentneky cavalry, was arrested in Legow, Kentneky, on Saturday morning, and forwarded to this city as a desertor, Both are now confined in prison.

[Special Correspondence to the Lonisville Journal.] DETROIT, Angust 4, 1864. You will see by the papers of this city the

proceedings of the Western Union Press. There were not as many papers represented as we had anticipated, but enough to instre success to the undertaking, and establish a puc'ens around which all the Western newspaper presses will find it to their interest to ga her. While it is very much to be regretted that the meeting was not more generally attended, it is hardly to be wondered at, for we have been in operation over two years and have accomplished so little, that many who felt a great interest in its success have almost despaired of effecting any good through i's infinence. We have, however, now elected a President who will infusa en rgy and lifa into the Association, and it will not be long before the entire West will feel its benefits.

The proprietors of the two papers here have left nothing undone which could contribute to the pleasure and comfort of those present, and the genial and generous hospitality showered upon n3 can never bo effaced from our romembrance. Among other things, they procured "The Forester," a fine boat of three hundred tons burden, und a delightful baud of music, and took as up tha Detroit river into Lake St. Clair, and around the enchanting spot so sppropriately named Belle Isle, and the station. He claimed to be a citizen, and after this we went down the river some dozen said that he had been pressed into the service | miles, stopping at Fort Wayne. A delightfully refreshing breeze contributed very ma eris!ly to the erjoyment of the trip. The Datroit river is a magnificent stream; its waters, coming from the great chain of our Northern lakes, and forming the connecting-link bstween Huron and Erie, ara as cleur as crystal in wait for the passenger train and capture | and the nanorama of its banks, though they and destroy it. Their first attempt was nn- are not high, was an exceedingly beautiful successful, and the entire programme was and diversified scene as our boat floated upon marked with failure. They were well aware | their bosom. A sumptuous table was spread that the passenger train was well guarded, in the saloon for administering to our creature and by the escape of the freight train | comforts, but very few of us felt like doing the conductor on the passenger line would be full justice to the tempting dishes and dewarned of the danger, and preparations made | licious wives, for we had already partaken of to regist an attack. They had no desire to a bountiful dinner given to us at the Biddle become engaged in a fight with the guard, so | House, a very fine hotel, as everybody knows

We were the recipients of the greatest athad released him because he was nnacquaint- tention from many citizens, but to Messes. ed with the roads about Woodburn, and he | Conover and Scripps, ol the Advertiser, and was on his return to his home. His state- Walker and Barnes, of the Free Press, we are ments were so very conflicting that the mili- indehted, for their particular efforts to contary conductor held him as a prisoner, and, | tributa to our enjoyment, and I know that I carrying him to Bowling Green, turned him | hut express the common feeling of all their ever to the military authorities there for dis- guests in saying that they have their roward The citizens of Woodhurn were ex- in the assurance that their considerate kindpecting the sucrillas to make a raid into their | ness enabled us to pass one of the most detown during the night. The gaug is prosumed lightful days of our lives. Tha friendly into bo the same one that plundered Aubarn, on | tercourse between the members of the Western Union Press thus happily inaugurated will, I trust, be frequently renewed, and NEW CITY DIRECTORY .- The publisher of | while they all become better sequented and the new City Directory has determined that | enjoy the pleasures of social intercourse, it must be the means of toning down the nagerities which sometimes characterize their potion and subscription to render the work as | litical disquisitions, and elevating the character of our newspepers. I shall leave Datroit Why some of our business men require so | with regret, and carry with me the most pleasing recollections of its kind and hospita-

Tha Danville Tribnne of Fillay conalns the following items of news: The 35 h Kentncky mounted infantry, Col Starling commanding, which was sationed for a lew days at this point, has been ordered to Bardstown, Ky. This regiment has done excellent service in the Green river country operating egainst the guerillas.

We noderstand that Capt. Wm. Goodloe has we inderigand that capt. wh. Goodes has encoceded in getting a credit of two fundred and seventy-five negroes who are culi tell as soldiers at Camp Nelson from this county. Wa understand that there is yet a credit due us at District handquarters unflicient to swall the number to three hundred at lasst.

Wo understand that D. H. Rowe, of this county, was killed on the Little South Rodirg Fork, in Casey county, near the Boy's line, on Saturday last, in a shooting affair with James Minor and son, also of this county. The deceased was shot by the elder Minor, and liven only ten minutes. We could not learn the origin of the d.fficulty. On Sunday and Monday last light showers f rain fell in this saction—the first we have ad tor several weeks. A beavy soaking rain all on yesterday which will materially oene-

it the growing crops. The August term of the Boyle Circuit Court convened on Tuesday last, Judga F. T. Fox, presiding. We notice quite a number of dist ngnished gentlemen of the legal profession from abroad in attendance. Tha o'd docker, we inderstand, is quite large. The east of the Commonwealth vs. Scott, for murder, transferred from the Mercor Circuit Court, is

set for Monday next. On Sunday last saveral of our ci izens were notified that the interest of Boyla county required them to report at the headquarters of the Provost Marshal of the county, on Monday, at Go'clock, A. M. They did so, and got day, also offices, A. H. I hay did so, and got a respite until Tucaday morning, but during the day (Monday) they were released unconditionally. They were not notified of any charges against them, nor were they cogain aut of the object of the fun mins.

We are required to a publish the following order, which we do for the information of our subscribers who are interested in knowing its provisions:

LEXINGTON, KY, Ju'y 24 1864. Orrders, No. 25.

I. It is known that many slaves in Kentucky have left their owners without initialing to enter the service of the United States, are roving about the country. In all such cases it is only necessary for the owners of such refugees to report to the Provest Marshel and make known their wish lor their elayes to be placed in the service, and it will be the cuty of the Provost Marshals to arrest such tempees and deliver them for ends -The commander of the District of Kentucky will give such fn.t er directions as may be necessary to carry out the provisions

of this oldar.

Il. Information has been received that persons are in the hubit of coming into Kentucky with a view or persualing elaves of an away and paga into the free States condening on the bio, where they are anis ed lor the bonates -the negroes receiving but a small portion thereof. In such cases the State of Kontucky fails to receive credit on their quota of troops. The military authorities, as well as all Provost Marshals in the State, are ordered the navy on the Ohio river are request take possession of all such negroes. order that they may be emisted in Kentucky

this oldar.

By order of the Secretary of War.
L. THUMAS, A 'j', Gen.

John Grigg, Esq, died very sulfen'y at Philadelphia last Tuesday, of apoplery. He was in the seventy-second year of bis age. Mr. Grigg was a native of Cornwill, Eag. and emigrated to this country at a very early age. After following the sea for a time, and A. B. Mitchell, and the music by Chr. Mathius. filling situations in Ohio, Kentucky, and at Richmond, Va, he moved to Philadelphia in 1816 and engaged in the publishing business. He was very successful in trade, and retired feveral years since with n very large formae The present firm of J. B. Lippincott & Co. are the successors of the old firm of Grigg & Elliott, ol which Mr. Grigg was the senior member. The deceased was an enterprising and public splrited eitizen.

The Rev. Daniel Waldo, who died at Syracuse, N. Y., on the 30th nlt., was nearly one hundred and two years old, having been horn in September, 1762. Ha graduated at Yale Coilege In 1796, and soon after entered the ministry in the Congregational Church In 1850 he was elected Obaptain in the House of Representatives. He had been remarkahly strong and healthy, having frequently within the past year preached two sermons in one Spudey. For some days prior to his death ha had been suffering from an affection of the threat, and his death was not unexpected. By his decease the number of Revolutionary perstoners is reduced to eleven.

Deep Bottom, the place secured by the recent advance on the James river, is four miles nearer to Richmond than Malvern Hill. It is only twelve miles from that city by the New Market road. It is the key to the high and heatthful piece of country immediately south and east of Richmond, and between that city and White Oak Swamp.

The new stamp duties tock i fect on Four political prisoners were received to first of this mouth, and it concerns every. at Barracks No. 1, on Saturday, from Bullitt by T to know that all receipts for amounts county, Ky. Their names are Robert Davis, over twenty dollars, and all checks or drafts

James M. Garratt, Gravan Garratt, and proceed the state of the state of

We give below Mr. Swinton's cxplanation of the repulse of Petoraburg:

At the threshold of this examination, however, a worn should be premised touching the plan of attack determined upon for the operations of Saunday. Although Pote shorts and the plan of the operations of Saunday. force of an individual probability of the orbits of the proper, co-operating only so are as to divert attention, and employ the onemy by general artillery firing. Wa this see the whole momentum of the action, and the whole

hazard of the result individuated in the corps to which the duty of assault is assigned. In this state of facts it would soom to be the dictate of prudence, and certainly has been the invariable practice of the great command ers, to reject for the storming column the eliconian the army, and to take the supporting love as hest in the army. The action of Saturday does not seem to have been plausal in con-formity with this principle. The portion of ormity with this principle. The portion of ur line fronting the key-point of the enemy's sosition has heen for some time held by use th army corps. It was, therefore, General Sures: de who conducted the mining operators for the destruction of the fort in his four-and his troops would naturally form the na king column nuless other dispositions Now, with uo desire to undertake the ungracions task of comparison, but with the sum

purpose of stating a matter of fact essan hial to the correct appreciation of a l the ele-ments that enter into the question, it is due t ay that the 9th corps can not only not be considered the elite corps of the ar my, but really considered for from equal to others the might be meutioned—nnequal, for lustum; o the 2d, or the 5th, or the 6 h This, again not in the least intended to convey any im d 9.h corps, than which there nover was ter, has been reduced by hard work to a mere unclens, with which has been agglome rated (not fused) a mass of new, herer geneous, and inferior material. The la ilvision is largely composed of beavy a illery, dismonned cuvalry, &c.; the 4th omposed exclusively of blacks. But what is ven more extraordinary than the selection teelf, is the mode in which the selection was ande, for it appears that the choice of the the exeming hefore," says a correspondent the nivision commanders of the corps had awn loss for the position in the attacking column. The lat division (Leulie's) won to lead, and so headed the attack this morning. When such a moda of determining 80th a question is adopted, need it ta wondered that tractions chance should turn no the poorest mmander for such a duty as was assigned

If then, in view of this circumstance, it b ask(d why another selection was not made an answer does not readily present i sele There is, however, in Caruo's remarkable work, De la Defenca des Piaces Fortes, a worthy passaga that touches closely the very matter in hand. "The reason why our assaults occasionally fail," save ha, 'are, in my opinion, various. In the first place, it is thic that the troops Immediate ; on duty near the spot generally storm or do whateverselvice may be required. These troops may te most unfit for ii, and, by this mode, t renadlers or chosen man for occasions of acculty. There are no troops in the world that can be taken judiscriminately for bri light services, and nadoubtenly non-more so than for storming works. Be sides, the efficer to whom the command talls may be very notit for the particular It will be noted that Carpot chara which "troops immediately on duty or nea visions of the 9th corps, troops "immediately on cuty and near the spot," were made the assaulting column; they ware of interio quanty; they tailed. Now, whether there b between these facts a logical relation as in, whatscever, is left for the individual jud. Of ola fact there can, unhappily, be no mis iske: the conduct of those troops to whom was assigned the glorious duty of carrying

the enemy's position was as disgraceful as to proved disastious to themsalves. No socier ed the momest of attack arrived than the rightful hlunder of employing such material lecome apparent. The position to oc carried ansed by the explosion, and marked by the timost promputade, impetnosity, and clan to quired that the attacking column should puth on to the main rebel line. This was of the crest of the hill, whose commanding importance has been before mentioned. But in place of this, the ill-disciplined division which hed the advance huddled into the creater meda by the explosion of the fort, and before even the semblance of atom was made, allowed the enemy ample time t recover from his surprise and direct all his energies to the delence. Then followed two nt three parentes audits, made feebly, with ni otder or entemble, or any character of earlity. The importing division on toa right added dearried a partial outer into, weakly held to the allow many to the control of and took alew prisoners; but this is the on and took alew prisoners; but this is the one high the spot that light a up an aff ir otherw e of bartness all compact. Aver the pulse of the colored division, all simplance of offersive effort ceased; blacks and whitea numbled peli melt into the ho now of the exploded earth works—a slung re per, in which stells and bom s, rain fraing to accence, it soon proved a more equally difficult to retreat to the lious they had formerly held. Partices of tens and tweather which and ran back as best they could.

se Loon, it appears (five or six hours after se evident faiture of the a tack) before the be evident fature of the a tack) before the order to retire was given; but it was then not late. The consequence was that the majorty sound to have been taken prisoners; how many no returns yetspecity. The total lass of the robels is connied at moont in thousand. In thus analyzing the loundation of the public despondency created by the repulse of last Salunnay, it has been impossible to shut out the acknowledgment that it is in part at these, only too well grounded. But park at set, only too well grounded. But perhanatier attaches not so much to the imm da e action of the enemy. The root I begin is a who have been crying the issue of the fatte of Petersburg will not fail to have their own inductions from the upshout of the most favorable circumstances, with te rebel force reduced by two great detach cuts, we lailed to carry their lines. Will the conclude that the 25,000 men the be works of Petersourg? Will they not con-ude, that, it they were able thus to hald their we with the force of from oight on to twenty housand men sent to the north side of the ance neuralized, this force is available for a ve of crations elsewhere; and may we il spect to see it join the column of Breekin

ge and Early with a view to attempt sta e audacious enterprises on the soil of the Perhaps, on the other hand, we may find Perhaps, on the other hand, we may find no advantage in the temerity which the late evel success is likely to inspire. Lee can do acces by prudence and boldness, but he must commit no tanks, for if to does there is an nemy warily watching his opportunity.

Lee cutie torce in Virginia to-day does not evel even in the late of the control of the contro tot exceed sixty thousand mon, and he can to thope to add to it. With a faultless man-gement, he may be able to hold tha lines of eletaburg while he annoys the oord 'rs with estile incursions. This may dictate on our art the abandonment of the greater minitary polations for a time; but to infer, as many o, that the action of Saturday has enled he summer campaign, is to overpase the war kuty of sound reason. The scene of action may shift, out the action itself will good. It is of all there is needed the expension of rebels from their position in Northern Vir. ginia ann Maryland, and the combination a cot seem to indicate this is Gen. Gran's main business on hand WM SWIN ON

On the 7th inst, William W., son of the late Geow and bliza A Small, aged Syears and 6 m enths. It is fameral services will be haid at the resideactor is unce, James Small, on Brook streat, beyond Breadway, this evening at 5% o'clock. Friends are aquainfances of the dece sectand family are invited to attend without further notice.

On the morning of the 7th last, at ten minutes boter 7 o'clock, John W. Redning, in the 5th year objects age. DIED, is sec. and the services will take place from his late floreral services will take place from his late sidence on bewenth street, between Chesinnt and roadway, this Blonday aftermeon at 40 clock. The lends of the family are havined to attend without battle of Tape'o. Mi sissipp; I the tith

NOTICES OF THE DAY.

Old papers for sale at the counting. room of the Journal office. We direct the special attention of 0.19

readers to the advertisement of Mesers of Gilbert & Oc. wherein he propages to see! public auction n rare collection of oil puni-ings. Among this collection will be found many of the finest offer's of some of our most distinguished artists. Such an enportuality us this to purchase fina pictures is seidom presented in this city. The sale will take place at eight o'eleck to-night. MAYOR'S OFFICE, LOUISVILLE KY., August 3, 1861.

The Chief Engineer of the Fire Department being temporarily numble to dischage the du-tics of his office, and the public interest re-quiring that during the time some one should be appointed to fill his place, I have therefore appointed Col. A. Y. Johnson to discharge the duries of said office of Chiaf Engineers blong as the circumstances may requir it. A ! persons connected with the Fire Department are ricted to recognize Col. Johnson as Chlerineer, end chey all orders he may give and h. [24 d3] WM. KAYE, Mayor.

WHOLECALE MILLINERY GOODS .- Otis & Co.'s wholesale millinery house at 516 Main street, np-stairs, is well supplied with a full line of vet ribbons, bonnet ribbons, quilled ribbons, laces, head-nets, and trimmed hats, which they sell with as much pleasure as when goods were not advancing so rapidly. jyl0tf

Now READY-The fourth volume of Matcalfu's Reports Decisions Court of Appeals. Price \$5; price by mail \$5 35. For sale by jy9 c17\* S. C. BULL, Frankfort, Ky. Wall paper and window shades-a erge stock always on hand-new goods con-stantly receiving, at Wm. F. Wood's, Third

gereer above Main.

SAVE YOUR CHILDREN-From the too often fa'al effects of Summer Complaint or Chol era Infantum by administering in time Dr. D. Jayue's Carminaliva Balsam. No retier or enter ramedy can be found for Diarrhaa, Dysentery, Cramps, or Cholera, being quick, sale, and certain in ils action, affording im-Sold in Lonisville by R. A Robinson & Co.,

E.w. Wilder, and by Dauggists generally. Mon, Wed, & Sa: -8, 10, 13. Magaire's Compound Extract Pounc Tant.

The Great fame Which this deploine has acquired both here and throughout the Armis of the West and South sen remedy for Diarrhose, Pysontry, and all refuxed condition of the bowels, almost preciades the secseity of advecticing it is

GEC. R. PATTON. GRAIN DEALER

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 120 Fourth et., hel. Maln and the Elver. LOUISVILLE, EY. KEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND YOU SALE and is receiving daily large surpline of Has, Oora, Cats, Boar, Shorts, Shipsung, Appire, Orloos, Potatoos, Dried Fruit, White Beans, haled Straw, Sweet and Orab Older.

Proposals for Loan

Theasury Department, July 25, 1881. inds, it deemshle aller five and payable twenty year in Angus, 15, 187. Its Notes will be issued in the denominations of the Notes will be issued in the denominations of the non-definition of the sand will be issued in blank, of yelle to order, ne may be directed by the said. subscriptions must be for fifty collars, or some ple of fitty collars.



CASH ASSETS 1st July \$3,275,000 The ÆTNA presents must rpassed facilities for first-class lusurance upon all property fiable to distruction by Fire.

WM. PRATHER & CO., Agents, Astrology and Alchymy A 1L Titl SE DESIROUS OF HAVING THE EAR fature mussiles may be greathest by apply glay left to enclosing five dellars with a lick of that his also eving a description of their appearance or otheir rejes, and when said whose been. The may also busin for the sum of twenty has dellars a recipitation preservation of their vorbful appearance until the preservation of their vorbful appearance until

C. W. WALTHER (Letely of Thes. R. Laisly & Co., Saint Lonis). COMMISSION AND SHIPPING MERCHANT. No. 32 Broadway, New York. Problem MAK'S LIBERAL ADVANCES ON COLVE SImmouts or to his corresponding to the re-loaded, Liverpool, Amsterdam, Levendam, and

LOUISVILLE HYDRAULIC CEMENT

E.McHARRY MANUFACTURER AND WHOLESALE PALES.

OFFICE-No. 142 Wall street, Louisville Rentacity.

M. B - Thie is the only gernice Louisville Lytranilo Cement, and is always branded "J. Mulwas Co Wantanian." if disautificing Confinent Commercial and St. Louis Econolicate copy.] JOHN C. HAVEMEYER & BRO Commission Merchants.

No. 173 Fearlst., NEW YORK.

(ASH ADVANCES MADE WHEN DESIRED OF Consignments of heal Tobroco, Flore. Wool, Fore and other produce.

Bet k of North America, New York;
Hearr. Mose Taylor & Co., "Figure" Bank
Gilzens' Bank

mayl don's

MOSE, about 15 years of age, black color, weight security, the cond.
replevin bond.
W. FHELES S B.O.

EXATT, SHITH, & CO.,

Wholorals and B-tall Posicre in

PITTSBURG, YOUGHIOGHENY, MART
FORD CITY, & CANNEL COAL,

275 Main at., bel. Second and Third, north size

card direct.

Georgo Windor's Administrator, To Chancery.

Georgo Windor's Creditors, &c., In Chancery.

I'MIS IS A SCIT RECOUNT TO SETTLE THE estate of Georgo Winder, dascessed. All the oreditors are herosy actified to file their claims with the first day of keptember, 184.

110. 2. Salty, Commissioner, and 338 w2

Lenlay De Chancery Court. n4 d3.8 w2

28) class y where, I and 2 th caus;
50 " To stere, I and 2 th caus;
50 " To stere, I and 2 th caus;
15 " Sardine, I and 5 and 9.
11 Ucz L virgite, Nurth 3, 4, 5 and 11 lb caus;
2 cleas Comberted Sala;
5 " Sare B agai Tight Sanc;
6 Navy

For t. 61.
204 North 4 Sanct 5; Third.

AMUSEMENTS

THE RIVING SUM IX.

DANRICES GREAT SHOW Rebels Still Occupy Hagerstown. A GRAND CONSTRULATION, ONE MANMOTE

Monday, Angust 15, 1854. AT THE CURNER OF SECOND ADDORAY STS At I dery succeeding Afternoon and I vett g durin the west at 2 and o'cloi. The few mas, all and o'clock.

It a few mass of ban Riccia GRE ATES TOW in In
the far lained and nurrivaried bland has ENCEL
SIOR and the celebra or Educated Haston in which
are added the wonderful Performing Horse S.
BULCLAS, and three more rare approximate the sage of the performed by MRS DAN RICF, Her first appearance in this city, assisted by the contactistes,

PROFESSOR STOKES AND FAMILY.
In the catalogue of animal intellact developed by full or the catalogue of animal intellact developed by full or the catalogue of animal intellact developed by flags of the catalogue of the catalogu The 101rd department, which will complete the brilliant ensemble. 15.

BAR LAY'S WILD BUFFALOES, From the Rocky Mountains and Idame, with a genulation of Hunters and Camadein Poinces.

BAR HIUE himself will appear at each exhibition, and the periodimance will be radiated and spiced by the original himors and fancies of the great modern will generate the prost modern will be prost modern with the prost modern with the prost modern will be prost modern with the prost modern will be prost modern with the prost modern will be prost modern with the prost modern

Woodlawn Race Course, LOUISVILLE, WY. STATE

REGULAR BUNNING MEF 1NG FOR THE Monday, October 10, 1864, And continue six days.
FIRST EAUL.
We, the subscribers, agree to run a twosests, tolts and Filles, 2 years old, over awn Association Ourne, fall of bes \$1

shake is run, the condition of the one conting, which shall be decided by the categories. Fire or more of their stake. To rame and close August 17, 184, Two Mills Deab (all ages); run-categories and continue to the categories of the categories. For Mills Deab (all ages).

... gI.500 Entries to be addressed to W. E. Milton, Lonisville, W. b. BUNGED, Pres't. W. E. MILION, Bec'y.

BY J. V. GILBERT & CO, THIS (MONDAY) NIGHT, August 8th, at O'clock, we will soll, at our Authon Booms, large and splendid assortment of OIL PAINTINGS AND STEEL ENGRAVINGS clobly framed, and embracing every variety of hist read, religious, morat, and hum reus subjects. The late of boshine arise would do well the embrace this opening its of boshine arise with the state of prices, as

AUCTION SALES

of every description.

J. V. GILBERT, Anciloneer,

413 Main st. BY J. V. GILBERT & CO., 415 MAIN STREET.

RICHLY PLATED SILVERWARE,

ON THIS (MONDAY) MODINING, August 8, et 10 o'clock, we will sell, at our Auction-Rooms a lot of second hand Furniture, co. sixing of Bodesteads, Bureaus, Wash-stands, Carpetings, and Kitchen Furniture. J. V. GILBERT,

BY J. V. GILBERT & CO. ARGESALE OF SELECT AND NEW FURNI AT REASON. THE ACTION OF THE ACTION OF

BY S. G. HENRY & CO. VALUABLE TWELFTH STREET BUILDING LOT AT ALUTION.

On WELTESDAY AFTERNOON, on the premises, ou I was it street, west see, commanded as it less treet from south of shalm, a need as leading to grove a set of Greek, to yet cet routly 105 desp.

It oper.cot. Terms at all of G. HENRY & OC., Anotloneous. BY S. G. HENRY & CO. CONFEMBED ARTICLES A EOSPITAL BEAROS

A, COENER (F NIMBH AND REORDWAY,

AT AUGTION. ON THUBSDAY MOLNING, Ang. II, al II o'clock, we will sol, as above, by order a Dr A. P. Watson, Singson U. S. V. J. II charge—
I a Pearsonds; Wo 'B' a 's;
Stuwate, Stuves; Town Poet
County Continent L'on Ebet s;
entice et cent muedanics.

Time to (C. Scurrency).

SPECIAL TWO DAYS' AUGTION SALES By THOS. ANDERSON & CO.

DryGoods, StockGoods, Boots, Shoos, &0 , 1c.

ON TIMSDAY, 91b August, commerciag at 1 Octices A. El, we will sell, an August 1650 ms 532 Ellem aftert, 200 cases Books and Shoes, cora seu it agra it variety of tresh groos sor men s, women's bey-', yenthe', and chirdren's west. A THURSDAY, 18th August, at 9'3 o'cle k A. M Avartery of Dry Goods; also bullance of a reta stock of 1 ry Goods, Trimmings, &c. at 1t% o'clock, inv lose of Over Coves, heavy Ne irts at . Drawers, Jack ets, Hats, &c.

T. ANDERSON & CO., Anothoneer SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE

BY S. G. HENRY & CO. Special Notice to Clothing Merchants. ON TURSDAY MOSSING, Aug. e at 10% o'clock,
we will sell, at Auction-flooms—
10 black Beaver over Costs;
70 extra blee do do;
80 super lireot do;
90 seul's black Frock Ouals;
10 Gent's boyer Costs;
20 heary father over Costs;
21 pair You's falley Cassiloure Pants;
10 pair Youths' extra do;
220 pair Meu's lined Sallnet do.

#6 d3

BY DUNGAR & JENNINGS. ON TUESLAY MORNING, Angust 9, at 10 o'clo, will be add at AU-TION, at our Koome, 19 J faren stret, a till pile, between Korrit and 15 inchesits, TWO OUT AGES AND LIGHS AND SE EBAL VACANT LUISA A UBSANDIA Frame Of the First of the August 10 the August 10

LARGE SALE OF ELEGANT ROSEWOOD PAR-LOR AND CHAMPER FURNITURE, FRENCH-PLATE MIBBORS, CARPETS, HOBSES, COWS. BAY, COBN, AND FABLING IMPLEMENTS
AT AUGTION. ON MORDAY MORNING, Ang. 8, et 10 o'clock, whit he good, and the residence of Mr. Banson Onnebs, in Jefers nec 11 fs, near the Polat, on the Shelmy ill Jurnpite. In miles from the city, his entre llous chold et c a . unishing of elegant type wood American Hidow of the late Col. Mulligan,

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS SUNDAY NIGHT'S DESPATCHES. EVENING DESPATCHES.

The Rebel Invasion of Maryland.

Communication Open to Greencastle Rebel Feragors at Middleburg.

> They Act with Great Brutality, Criticisms on Grant's Campaign.

Regulations Concerning the Draft.

A Sharp Fight at Osceola, Ark. Matanzas brought up many exchanged prison-Rebels Defeated with Heavy Loss, bneir ess doing up to press news. The declino in gold in New York has nosatiled the mar-ket. Quotations are nominal and without Prisoners, Arms, &c., Captured, General Canby's order for the enrollment of the militia creased an intense excitement

The Rebei General Bowers Killed. A Despatch Received from Farragut

All Ready for an Attack on Mobile.

To the Associated Front, New Yosk, Angust 6. The Commercial's special says that the Naional Intelligencer, in an extended criticism. prononnces General Grant's campaign the most unsuccessful thus for undertaken. Meas- | delly expected-probably has already comures have been taken by Grant to drive the rehels from the Comberland Valley. The Post's Washington special says: Orders have been issued to correct excessive mention. errolment, and people exempt from draft are celled on to come forward and have theins mes taken off the lists.

The Herald's Washington special says the rebels exploded n mina under one of our works on Friday evening. No particulare. But little damage done. It is generally believed that Gen. Sheridan has been assigned to duty on the Upper Potomac.

The Herald's correspondent of the 5th, says both armies are in action noon their works. Official despatches and 1,200 men.

Albert M. Pelmer gave bonds this morning, and has been released from Fort Lutayette. City Judgo Russell decided the case.

Ger. Dix and his officers, in suppressing the World and Journal of Commerce, must no hefer the Grand Jury.

China Branch

shore reported a fight at Occools, Arkansas, hetween 800 rebels under General Bower, and the Federal forces, commander na krown, resulting in the defeat of the robels with a loss of many killed and wounded, prisoners, arms, and equipage. Gen. Bower was among the killed. was among the killed.
Capt. Fuller, Superintendent of Telegraph in this department, has been appointed to a similar position in the Department of the Gulf, and will hereafter baya supervision of

HAGRESTOWN, August G. There are numerous rumers affort regarding the rebel invasion, but very sittle can be traced to any trustworthy source. We still have communication with Green Castle, and desputches from there indicate no excitamen and lefer to no fears of the rebels in such close prox.mity is rumcre place them to that town.
It is still certain, however, that the rabels hold
Hagerstown. Yesterdny they advanced a
small force to Middleburg, a point north of the State line, and between which and Hagerstown their loraging parties have conducted

both departments, with beadquarters at New

NEW YORK, August 6. The steamship Havana brings the following: Havana, August 1.—Little news of impo-tance has transpired here sinco my last comnunication. The Government has grauted its permission to continue the publication of the Union paper here. as though the crisis was past.

rehels are ou our oorder.

Washington, August 6.

A centieman who nrived to-night, and who has been in Hagarstown for the partweek, says the rebel force of cavalry which drove Cole's cavalry and a portion of llunter.

The area within forty yards of our works no damage was done. They also attempted 'o make a charga, but must have been chargined at finding themselves so far from our lines. Considerable lines was heavy, ours very light. All quiet this morning.

St. Louis, Angust 's Fort Leaves. drove Cole's cavally and a portion of Hunter's Infantly cutof town on Friday last, were, for

Auvices from the Army of the Potoni c report the cituation at the front unchanged.

It is generally believed that She i ian will be essigned to cuty ou the Upper Poomse.

A dispatch was received at the Navy Department to-day from Farragut, dailed that

or an attuck on Mobile. NEW YORK, August 6. A Washington special to the Commercial fars that the Government has received no information of the uttack on Mobile. Admiral Farragut informed the Navy Department on he 26 h inat, that he would make in attack is eccn as the land forces was realy, which would be on the 29 h or 30th ult.

Good spened at \$2 59½ and gradually advanced to \$2 61%, and interwords declin do

6th of July, in which he says all was raady

is very little regularity in prices HARRISBURG, August 6 6 P. M. A despatch received at moon by the cashi r of the Harrisburg Bank from the cashi ref rebels evacuated Hagerstown this morning. This was succeptently confirmed by a desputch to headquarters.

NEW YORK, August 6. The Post's Washington special says that the refel report of the capture of Schneman is discredited in military circles There is no news from Sherman to-day. The report in relevance to Farragu's expetion at Mobile is believed to be correct, as

such a movement was expected at the time Washinoton, August 6.
It is stated that the rabes in Maryland bave raised the black flag, and annenneed that they have come to burn and destroy. Advices from Petersburg represent every-

New York, Angust 6, P. M.
Cotton 2c belter; sales at \$1.75 for mid 'ling upland',
Flour-Late and Western dull and without end d
hange, sales at \$9.5% all for extra state, \$10.30% in 75
or catra from d hoop Ohio and \$10.50% it of traic
hi ds, the market closing dull.
Whiskip hrm at \$1.76% is 73% for State, and \$1.74%
Tolor Western. Wesen. dull and common grades firmer; sales at \$. dull and common grades firmer; sales at \$. or Milwankoe ciub, and \$2 50002 is trivinte in n. Coru he sy; sales at \$1 0000 to lor new Vestern, and \$1 70 tor white Western. Only acresteady; sales at \$1 for Western, including lexita choice Western at \$102.

nd at over 190 co-fits 81, 80); sngar 22@280, coffee to@30, and seed \$1 1.20, 15.

The brokers' room in the new building nst finished in New York for the "open board." is finely freecoed. In the centre of the ceiling is represented the goddess of fortnee emptying a salver of coin apon the heads of a "buli" and "beer," the latter in the act of hugging the picces to the earth, while tha former tosses them in the air. The Now York Journal of Commerc

states that last week the Suffolk Herald, one of the most is fluential of the Republican apers on Long Island, took the names of the altimore candidates from the head of its columns. Marchall O. Roberts, of New York, h.s. presented to the Commissioners of the Cen

tral I'a kain att 1 hen as statue of Ern.

C. I ton, t c New Yo k publish r will soon begin the republication of Diemonia The city as of Chicago have surgario a hat some lim to jurchase a home fo. ...

From the Army of the Potomac.

Rebels Explode a Mine in our Works Both Armies Strengthening Works.

To the Assaclated Press.

New Orleans July 31 .- There is very little

seeesh circles, but there is no escape for

Since the firing above Vicksburg upon the steamer Clara Bell, by which three men were killed and nine wonnded, everything quiet on the Mississippi as far as beard from. Several schooners and luggors

NEW YORK, August 7

NEW YORK, Angust 7.

Rebels Reported Across Potemac. 1863. Going in Direction of Wheeling. Farly Reinforced by Longstreet.

JAMEO & EVANSVILLE PACEETS Attack on Mobile Daily Expected. The steamer Matarzas from New Orleans on the 31st, reports that the Merrimec arrived at New Orleans on the eve of the 31st. The

> HADRAULE. AND

Northeast corner Washington and Floyd sts.

are reported ernising in Lake Ponchartrain, and capturing and burning fishing sloops. The Captain of the tighoat Sentinel reports that he was chased to Sawell Pass by a sus-picions looking steamer, bark rigged, and pointed black. The rebels assert that she was the Electric Spark, which had been fitted out as a pirato, and had since rnn into Mobila Vork; Circular Saw Millis; Shingle Machines; SORG-HUM SUGAR MILLS; Oil Well Tools and Machins-ry; Bydranlio Presses and other Machinery for Mnny; Hydranllo Presses and other Machine fecturing Tobacco; Lard, Timber, and Mill Screws; Cast and Wrought Iron Scraw Pipes; Sockst and Finnge Pipes; Wrsught and Oast Iron Railing and Vermidabe; Force and Lift Pumps of various kinds; An attack on the defences of Mobile is

MR. JOHN O. BENEDIOT BECAME A PART-per in our Resident July 1, 1884. The name and atyle of the firm will bereater be D. S. BENEDIOT & SONS.

D. B. BENEDIOT & SON. D. S. BENEDICT & SONS

WHOLESALE Grocers and Commission Merchants, Nn. 326 Mnin et., bel. Third and Fourth, 1928 dl0 LOUISVILLE, KY.

No. 181 Pearl arrest. NEW YORK. D. S BENETICT & SONS, Agents, Louisville, Ky.

1 Jb. al a vances made on consequencies to
al one house, 126 410 D. S. HANEDIOT & SONS.

1 O HHUS PHIME TO CHAICE M. O. SUGAR
in store and for sale by
D. S. BENEDIOT & SONS. D. S. BENEDIOT & SONS. 300 BAOS COS FEE in store and for sale by B S. BENEDIOT & SONS.

TH. W. MOBRIS & CO. SOS MAIN ST., 196 URAMBER 52. LOWISTYLLE, ET. MERCE TORM

dated Friday evening, says there is no change in the 10 item of the two armies since the last battle. There has been the usual picket firing. Heavy firing was heard this evening in the direction of the 10th corps. A report was circulated that the anemy attempted to Motions. Stationery, blow up a firt in the vicinity, but were unonc-Furnishing Goods, A rebel battery on the north side of James themselves with great brutality.

Last night, Hagerstown was believed to be in the hands of the robels. No doubt that morning between it and our gunbous, and it

was firely forced to leave.

The venther continues very warm, and considerable sickness prevails among the cops, who suffer from diarrhoes. S. George Court Honse was wantonly set in fire this morning by some soliters. Later.—A dispatch dated Saturday morning, Headquarters Army of Poloman says the robels exploded a minc Friday evening before dark in front of the Stucorps, but as

Washington, August 7.

A letter from the Army of the Potoma

fantry cutof town on the federal number of most part, dreased in the Federal number of most part, dreased in the Federal number of most part, dreased in the Federal number of the most part, dreased in the Federal number of command of the most part, dreased by the rebels noder fire at discussion. The most discussion of the most part of discussion of the most part of discussion of the most part o crat say that an express from Fort Riley brings advices concerning the late tudian raid. Gen. regiments at Smoky Hill, to protect the fron cattered, part of whom are goner South and be remainder toward Platte river. Gonera Curries Luc about 800 cavalry in the bir bar

is making every exemion to mee all move ments of the cavages. SAN FRANCISCO, August 6 The second hundred barrels of molasses, from Houolulu for the Sanitary Commission sold for eleven hundred dollars in gold.

Mining stocks falling again.

Arrived, ships Mary L. Sutton, York, Black Prince, and Bechasda.

The stamer Hong Korg was destroyed early in June, with \$500,000 worth of property. A larga number of fives were lost.

A wayregaut at Whampoa drowned two bundred Charles. Some pregiere is being made by the Imperialists a; ai: 8 the rebels.

BALLIMORE, Angust 7-9 45 P. M. It is reported there that a force of robes were crossing the Potomac yesterday bayond The same authority says that Early bas been, or is being, reinforced by Longstree 'a corps, and that Wheeling is the point aimes There were no mrans of ascertaining tho

telisbility of this report, but think it is rather unreliable. Washington, August 7. The amount of subscription to the seven-thirty loan, up to Angust 6th, was \$8,024.250-OFFICIAL.

BUARD OF ALDERMEN. Saturnay, August 6, 1864. Present, all the members axcept Presidon own, and Aldermen Murphy and Orowa. President Brown being absent, on motion Aiderman Ruble, Alderman Baird was illed to the ebair. The reading of the miuntes of the prec di g neeting was dispensed with, and the same were approved.

were approved.

A nessage was received from his Honor Nayor Kaye informing the Board that General Hugh Ewing had made a requisition upon him for thur hundred men to work noon certain for fictions, and asking the co-operation for the state of the co-operation of the state of the co-operation of the state of the co-operation for the state of the co-operation of the state of the equisition, which was ordered to be filed, no Aldermen Kinkend and Osborne were prointed a committee to coufer wiln a committee from the Common Council in further-ance of the ofject of the requisition.

A resolution from the Common Council, ulberzing the Mayor to employ the number of men required by the requisition, was adopt-d by the following vote: Yea - President Baird, and Aldermen Story, Ruble, Hubbard, Osborne, Carter, Kingkerd, and Caru h-8.

Nay.—N ne. Alderman Kinkend introduced a resolution astructing the police to ascer sin the names ot all ab e-todied males in their respective wards baving no visible means of support, and inform them that the city wishes to om-ploy laborers at good wages, which was A resolution to meet again on Thursday vering, August 11, 1864, at 8 b'c oak, was adopted, and thes the Board adjournel. OLIVER LUCAS, Clerk.

The man who killed Luther Ladl, of the The man who killed Lutter Lidd, of the Sh Massachusetts regiment, the first one who fell at Beltimore, April 19, 1801, was a fellow named Wiench, the son of a wealthy citizen of Williamsporr, and Heusad to best greatly of having killed 'that damaed Yankee hep-oldier that should for the thats and drifts a he felt.' Wrench was finally killed in a run her quarrel at Williamsport in the h 8 21 11 ye.2 and 1 696,151 inhabi-

or the 2 th table of

.

MACHINE SHOP

Shalting and Hangers, and all kinds of Castings and general Johning Werk. n2 dimis

BACON, CLARDY, & CO., Commission&ForwardingMerchants,

300 BbLs bestned SUGAR in store and for 50 BELS NEW CALEANS ACLASSES in store and for sale by D. S. BENEDICT & SONS. WE. W.MORKIB. ZEW. ROGE A.GOW AS

NI NO ME SEE ALAESTORTE

Sutlers' Goods, AT EASTRUM PRIORS.

BY GETTING A JEDDO STRAW OR TROPICAL HAT WM.F.OSBORN. HATS CAPS, and FUENISHING GOODS in great variety at

JOS. STEIN. JOS. ZANG. PHILIP ZANG. STEIN, ZANG, & BRO.,

AND DEALERS IN Malt, Hops, Barley, Irish Moss, &c., Sixth street, below Main, LOUISVILLE, KY.

CECILIAN COLLEGE, NFAR ELIZABETETOWN, HARDIN CO., KY., WILL LESUME ITS REGULAR COURSE OF Latrustou on the 5th of Spremher.

Gwing to the rapid tise latthe price of everything, we are of liked to raise our terms above that stated in our catalogue. 

HIRTS --- SHIRTS --- SHIRTS. JUST BECEIVED AT MOGILL & MULLEN'S. IN THE GALT HOUSE,

Which they are selling low.

NASHVILLE, TENN. S. H. BULLEN, Lale of Lonisville, Ky., WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM HIS OLD friends and the public general y that he now has charge of this well-known and commo lone house, where he will be glat to see and pay every attention to all such as may favor kim with their custom.

Pepular Loan ---- Seven and Three-tenths per cent. OUSTOM HOUSE, LOUISVILLE ADGOST 1, 1864. LOUISVILLE ARGUST 1, 1884. J

CERTIFICATES BEING NEW READY, I WILLA

Tremelve and surjuitons for Treasury Notes parable
firec years from August 15, 1861, bearing interest at
the rate of seven such three tenths per cent per annum with semi-sunday coupons attached, parable in
lawful noney; said notes being convertible at matunity, at the option of the holder, into elx per cent
gold-bearing bends, redeemable at terfive and parable
twenty years from August 15, 1857.

W. D. GALLAGHER,
a3 C68wl Depositary United States.

CHEGARY INSTITUTE,
ENGLISH AND VRENCH BUARDING AND DAY
SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,
1,527 & 1,528 Spruce street, Philadelphia,
Will reopen on 2 UMEDAY, September 20. Letters to
the above address will receive princip attention. Forsmall application can be made after Angust 30, 1864, to
1920 dain\* MADAME D'HERVILLY, Principal

BEASS STENCIL ALPHABETS.

ALJ. METCALF & SID.

HE only mennfaturee in the Uni-d States of Bress Alphabes and Figures to any great extent or hatty wriety. Sold at wholesale at the Lowest Came Pices Alphabes hat be best of Indellihle Stencil Pick, VERY CHEAP. Stencil Pics and all hunds of Stencil Stency and all the States of Stencil Pics and all the Stencil Pics and Stency Came Pick Ca R. E. MILES'S

SADDLE, HARNESS AND TRUNK Manufactory, He. 211 Main at., the tween Second and Third;

(GPPER DISTILLED WHISKEY—

25 bhis 5 months old:

75 bbis 2 years old;

75 bbis 3 ''

25 bhis 1 year ''

For sale by

nl 66\*

224 Main, bet, Second and Third,

T tCORICK-220 cases J. O. & Oo., B. B., M. & F., p. d Ocmaz Sancho for sale by JAMES TODD, 324 Main st. UFFIELU HAMS—
1) It tierces in store and for sale by
WOUDEUFF & CO.,
sides 224 Main, bet Second and Third.

Something New in Playing Cards.

One of the above stashers will leave to the above ort delly at it o'clock A. M., and the stam real MMA FLOYD or NOBALA will leave for the same ort daily at 3 o'clock P. M.

For treight or pass ge apply on housel or to JUSEPH CAMPION Leeut, jy31 Office at the Wharfboat, hour of Firsts. OUISVILLE and HENDERSON The displacement of the second

U. S. MAILEOATS. for Gwenebore', Evans ille, and Hendersus

STEAMBOATS

BEGULAR PACKET-U. S MAIL LINE, Connecting at Circlinad with Early Eastern Frains.

FOR CINCINNATI.

On and after Sunday, Joint Cist.

what before to close P. H. as the host will not be writing after the cost time under any circumstance. Less we have before to the part part part of the cost time under any circumstance. Less were, belle of indire, partiages, does must be lest with a sagents, on Fourier attreet, between thain and the direct, before to close P. H.

J. BARBAROUX, Proprietor. MARUFACTURE BOF STEAM BOAT MACHINE-BY; Stationary and Portable Enginee and Boll-ere; Mill Muchinery; Sheet Iron, Brass, and Copper

D. S. Banedict E.W. Benedict. Jno. C. Benedict),

a fair open field light. All that we need is competent Generals, to make our forces avaiable, and that it we may believe reports reach According to Petersburg papers the rebels our force before Patersburg. One b trailer go our force before Patersburg. One b trailer go our force before Patersburg. One b trailer gu sed a charge by our froops, and the other brigade lollowed up the repulse with a chorge, and drova what of our men that could get away, buck to our breastworks, and made was presented the repulsions about 1000 priseners of the remainder, about 1,000, besides the killed and wounded.

Keep Cool

225 Main st., bot. Second and Third.

PROPRIETORS OF THE Louisville Malt House,

\*Co"The highest price in cash will be paid for BAR-

For particulars address
H. A. OECIL & BEOS.,
adding Edizabetht wu, Ky.

Mid dozen extra while Cotton Shirts;

10 "full-bos m do;
10 "Lineu Orathrio fall hosem Shirts;
10 brown Linen do;
10 "extra white Linen Drawers;
10 "extra white Linen Drawers;
100 "extra Cotton Co.

CITY HOTEL.

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF OHIO, OF CINCINNATI.

THE REGULAR COURSE OF LECTURES BEInguis on Tuesday, November 1, 1864, and will centine skiten week.

Total Fees-Professors (saven), Dissection, Hoslital, and Matriculation, \$35. Address
(D. G. COMRGYS

Coff CRUSHED SUGAR-300 bble Union Sent A Company of the Crushed in store and arriving for sale by Crushed in store

### LOUISVILLE JOURNAL

THE ASHANTEE WAY .- Forty years ago England had a wnr with the King of Asbantee, a barbarous potentate, whose dominions lay on the western ceast of Africa. In the course of that contest the British colony of Sierra Leone was seriously menaced; but the Governor, Sir Charles McCarthy, thought that by "striking a hlow" he could avert the danger, and bring the Ashant e monarch to his senses Accordingly he sullied forth ut the head of a force of 5,000 men, composed partly of white men, but chiefly of West India negroes, and ho caught the Tartar he was in search of-that is to say, he lost his life and half of his army; the remainder escaped to Sierra Leone, and it was only by the timely arrival of succor that the colony was saved. This was in 1825; it was reserved for the year 1864 to witness something like a repetition of the folly of engaging in a war with savages in a climate like that of Africa. On the cdge of the gold ceast, England possesses two or three forts, the chief of which, Capo Coast Castle, is usually garrisoned by a detechment of three European officers and two hundred and fifty negro soldiers. Between these forts, which constitute the whole of the British possessions there, and the powerfal kingdom of Ashantee; in the interior of the country, there lies a considerable territory, inbabited by the Fantces and other tribes living under British protectioe. This region, though possessing a population of its own, is fatal to the white races, and even the colored people of the West Indies fall speedy victims to its pestiferons elimate. Imported cattle cannot live there, and it is necessary to kill them on arrival, and salt the meat. Fresh water is nnknown there, and must be procured by distill 2tion. On the very edge of the coast it is just possible, though by no means easy, to keep Europeans alive; but the least ndvance into the interior, or the slightest exposure to the atmosphere, means death. Bearing these hidcous facts in mind, onr readers win he able to form a correct idea of the imbecility-not to say downright gnilt-of those who could project and send an expedition into such a country. The occasion of it was in keeping with the rest of this miserable and disgraceful business. The

value. We hope that American photographers will not be backward in examining the subject, and putting it into practical use. The facts are as follows: Seme time ago, two fugitives from Ashantee, said to be offenders against the laws, took refuge among the Fantees, who live on the borders of Asbantee proper. They had stolen some gold belonging to the King, and he therefore demanded their extradition. The Fantces, being under British protection, referred the matter to Mr. Pine, the Governor at Cape Coast Castle. Governor Pine refused to deliver up the fugitives, whereupon the King of Ashantee invaded the country of the Fantees, laid waste some of their villages and tbreatened worse things. Upon this, Governor Pipe communicated with the Duke of Neweastle, then Secretary of the Colonics, and obtained from him authority to make war upon Ashantee, if operatione of an offensive character should be found to promise the easiest and cheapest terms of prace. Encouraged by the tone of this despatch, the Governor set to work in the early full of 1863, to collect troops. with indigo and carmine. Eight hundred men were brought from the Gambia, and other neighboring stations, and from the West Indics, and added to the Cape | lodien, and then with the colored gelatine Coast force. These troops were placed under | mixture above described; the two films unite, an experienced commander, Col. Conran, and and, when dry, may be separated in a sheet sent to a strong and well provisioned encamp- from the surface they were formed on. By ment on the river Pray, separating the British | this means a pliant tissue is obtained, which protectorate from the Ashantees. Roads were may be handled like paper, and may either be being cut, and Kroomen and other natives en- used in large sheets or cut up into pieces of gaged for the earrying work, and all was ap- any convenient size. The tissue prepared in parently ready for "striking a blow," when the the manner described, corresponds with sensi-Governor took it into his head that the force tive paper, and, with proper appliances, the was not sufficient, and on the 12th of October | preparation of it need not be more troublesome he represented this to the Colonial Office, the than the double operation of albumenizing and head of which, the Duke of Newcastle, was exciting paper in the usual way. The tissue absent from siekness. A request was accord- is much more sensitive to light than ordinary ingly sent by his deputy to the War Office, sensitive paper, and proportionately more care that a colored regiment might be forwarded | must be exercised to guard it from the action from the West Indies to the Gold Coast, and of light other than that which acts upon it ment would shortly be on its way. Yet it was ten weeks before the War Office moved in the matter, and then the troop ship Tamar was | way, the tissue taking the place of sensitive of negro troops from the different British West | next the negative. The sensitiveness of the favorable eeason was lost. The epring set in

Governor Pine was warned that this reinforcesent to the West Indies to collect detachments India Islands, a work of time and trouble Meanwhile operations were surpended. The autumn and the winter passed away, and the with its deadly fevers. 'The troops in the encampment sickened; the Governor fell ill, broken hearted with disappointment, and had to take refugo on board II. M. S. Rattlesnake. the 7th of April last. Two days after that the uscless at present, and with no preparations they could in the way of encamping. The more of the state of affairs had reached England, and the newspapere got hold of them. Then for the first time the English people learned that they were at war with his Majesty the King of Ashantee, and also that their troops were getting the worst of it. Of course the colonial office was kept well informed of all that had happened and was happening; but it will scarcely be believed that it was not until the 17th of last month—that is to azy, ten weeks after the landing of the negroes, and the icturn of the troops to the coast-that a vessel, and that a sailing one- not a steamer -was sent out by the Government to bring away the poor fellows, who were sinking under the pestiferons air of that inhospitable region. One vessel, too, would hardly be sufficient, and another was under orders to sail. How many will be alive when these ships reach their destination is a matter of doubt. Those who are acquainted with the climate entertain but elender hopes of the return of any of the unfortunate men who have thus been sacrificed to the miserable vanity of an obscure colonial governor, formerly a lawyer, and to the blundering incompetence and ignorance of the bome anthorities. Well might an indignant

Honse of Commens, when the facts were laid

could sanction such an enterprise, and then

mar it by their supineness and incompetence.

A vote of 226 to 233 showed the aged Premier

glad to promise that the whole expedition

should be perempterily countermanded. But

this will be small satisfaction to the friends of

these who have died, and to the survivors,

whose health will be permanently impaired.

And there is another light in which the affair

will have to be looked at; it is one on which

of it. According to the most moderate esti-

half naked savages, refeses to give pacaupie thiores, and sacrifices hundreds of in n to gratify his pa'rry vandy. And the British government sustains him in the act! Surely is time that some lim is should be at to this privilege of making pease and war without consolling the nation. Until this is done England must be expected to be dragged through the mire whenever there is a small fee to be bull'ed or a strong one to be appeared.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ITEMS-NEW METHOD OF PRINTING .- The photographic wor'd is at present greatly interested in a new method of printing pictures, lately made public by Mr. Joseph W. Swnn, of England. On the 5th of April, 1864, he appeared before the London Photographic Society, and made a full statement of his new method, and presented a large number of beautiful specimens. The members of the society, among whom were many of the leading photographers of Great Britain, expressed their approbation of Mr. Swan's method. and pronounced the pictures in some respects superior to those which result from the present plan of nitrate of silver printing. There is a beanty in the gradation of the tones and a brilliancy of effect that cannot be imitated by tho silver process. Specimens of the new pictures have been sent to this country. Tae Editor of Humphrey's Jonrnal, having examined some of them, says: "The softness of tone, the acenracy of shading, and the peculiar color and glows, are strikingly pleasing at first sight, and do not become impaired by a more intimate inspection." The Editor of the Philadelphia Photographer says of them: "They are wonderful specimens of art, and are sure to make the old silver process so ashamed of its dark deeds, that, like Judas, it will go and commit snicide, and leave a name to be only despised when remembered." M. Gaudin, an eminent French photographer, speaking of Mr. Swan's pictures in La Lumiere, says that "it is impossible to imagine anything more perfect." It appears to be the general opinion of the eading photographers of both hemispheres that the new process has something in it of great

following is Mr. Swan's procese: "Tho chemical principle is this, that gelatine, in combination with a salt of chremium, becomes insoluble in water after a short exposure to sunlight. This principle is capable of application to photography in many ways, one of the most obvious of which is to attach to paper a snitable tissue, and cover it with bichromated gelatine having a pigment mixed with it; expose this tissue to light under a negative, and then wash away those portions of the coating not affected by the light. The exposed parts, having become insoluble, remain a tached to the paper, and so prodoce a picture. The mixture of gelatine consists of one part of a solution of bichromate of ammonia (containing one part of the salt in three parts of the water), two parts gelatine, one part sugar, and cight parts of water, with coloring matter added to produce the depth of tint required. The pig-

ment used is Indian ink, either alone or mixed "The tissue is formed by coating a plate of glass, or other smooth surface-first with colwhile in the printing frame. Like sensitive paper, too, it is better used soon after its preparation. The printing is done in the usual paper, the colodion'zed surface being placed lissue may of course be varied by varying the proportion of the components of the gelatinous part of the tiesue; but with the mixture given, the time of exposure required ie only one third or one fourth of that which would be usually given with highly sensitive a bumenized paper. "The proper time for exposure can be deter-

mined preity accurately after a few trials; for, for the recruiting of his health. This was on although there is not the same means for judging of the progress of the pristing in the ordi-Tamar arrived, two months too late for one nary process, yet there is a far wider range season, six months too early for another, utterly | between under and over exposure thun in silver printing. It is no exaggeration to say that for the reception of the six hundred and forty | you may expose one piece of tissua twice as men she brought. They were, however, put | much as another, and yet obtain a good print ashore, and the Tamar disapp ared from the from both; not perhaps quite so good as bascene. The men were landed at the momint lawcen the two extremes, but yet much more when it was death to land, but they did what passable than would be the case with silver prints under and over exposed to the same extroops which had been sent one hundred miles | tent. On taking the tissue from the printing inland to the Pray, straggled back, not having | frame the image is faintly visible, and the next fired a shot, or even seen the enemy. Out of step in the process is to mount the tissue, with fifty-three officers and thirteen hundred and the collectionized face down, upon a piece of men had died, or were lying helpless on the a support during development, and sometimes ground, and of the whole number only eighty to form the basis of the picture, which may, if possessed strength enough to lift a musket. we please, remain permanently attached to this In this disastrous plight they found their way support, or may, if thought better, be afterback to Cape Coast Castle, where there were wards transferred. There are several ways of no transports or vessels of any kind to take mounting the tissue, and several adhesive subthem out to see, the only mode of saving life stances may be used for the purpose, such as in that infernal climate. But by this time ru- starch, or a solution of india-rnbber and demmar in benzole.

"Af er mounting, the tissne, with paper attached, is placed in water of about 100 deg. away the nou-solarized portions of the gelatine, and in a few minutes the picture is fully hurry the operation, but to give the water amrle time to dissolve out the bichromate. It is also advisable to change the water three or four times. Leave the prints about two hours in the water. Where the picture has been over expesed, longer immersion and hotter water will, in a great degree, reetify the mistage. Before finally removing the prints from the water, brush their sniface lightly with a broad eamel hair brush; and, after taking them ont. your a stream of water over them to remove any loosely adherent particles of foreign matter that may by accident have got attached to the snrface. The prints may theu be lung up to dry, and are finished by being mounted on card-board and rolled, in the usual manner. Another way of proceeding is to remount the developed print, face downward, upon a second picee of paper, or card-board—say with starch or gelatine-and, when this is dry, to remove the paper that was attached to the tissue prebefore it, denounce the government which vious to development; this can easily be done if the surface of the paper is moistened with berzole. In one way the imago is reversed. and the collodion surface is downward; and in that the nation was not usleep, and he was the other the image is not reversed, and the collodion film is uppermost. In practice, probably, the simpler mode will generally be pre-

The New Holy Alliance. - Austria has declared, through ita Minister at London, that it has not become a party to the new "Holy Alliance," said to have been entered into at Kissengen, between Al xander II., mate, this will not be less than \$70,000 a William I., of Pru-aia, and Francis Jo eph, month, or \$550,000 altogether. And what of Austria. It appears that the Morning not only aggravates the mutter, but renders it Post published a letter from Count Rechberg supremely ridiculous, is that the King of to Prince Metternich, in which reference was Ashautee is especially arxious to live on good | made to to this new Holy Allinuce. The terme with the English, and has declared Philadelphia P. ess says the Morning Post is

letter in that journal was significant I showed, at my rate, that Palmerston accept ed the document as authentic. The Mornin Herald, which is Lord Derby's organ, als published the letter now repadia resumed author, and, in spite of his denial eaffirms its belief in its accuracy. Of course no one can go beyond Count Rechberg's re puniation of the document-though, no doubt ublic opinion will continue divided upo

To write a letter and to dany it, who acknowledgment would be troublesome o langerous, is not a novelty among Euro pean statesmen. It is consoling to know however, that Austria is ashamed of being accused of complicity with Russia and Prussia in re-establishing the unholy "Holy Alliance."

The Daily Telegraph, which has generally supported Palmerston's policy and is disinguished for its able foreign articles, wholly refuses to adopt the Austrian or any other repudiation of the new compact between the Sovercigns who met at Kissengen. It says: "The time seems coming when not a mere strip of Schleswig, but the cause of constitutional government against the anointed Honses, will be disputed. Another Holy Alliance darkens upon Europe, and covers with its evil shadow already more than Denmark. For Deumark's sake are we to pawn the force that may be needed against that conlition, to discount the future at a desperate rate, to give to sentiment and passion now what we may need for a vast principle and a vital moment in Europe? Is not our true policy rather a painful putieuce and a vigilant and armed observation?"

The Record, a Church journal of large circulation and much influence, declares that England's vascillation, as to Denmark, certainly has tempted the Royal Couclave at Kissengen to make a new treaty sgainst the liberties of Europe, but (evidently glancing at Queen Victoria's personal interference in public matters) adds: "There is good reason to believe that had Lord Palmerston been permitted at first to carry out his own policy, there would have been a better chance of peace, whilst the influence of England would have stood higher in Europe."

An alliance of leading Powers which exclude France and England—the first as dangerous and the accord as feeble-is sufficient o awaken apprehension in Europe. The leading political journals of Paris and London have one consolation-namely, that this exclusion, indicative of insult or coutempt, may lead to a renewal of the good understanding which existed between France and England up to last November, when Lord Russell sneeringly rejected Napoleon's preposal for a Congress at Paris.

[For the Sanday Journal.] YOU, SALLIE, AND I. (Inscribed to Surgeon Frank L. T.)
BY SANS SOUT. We'll ne'er forget, we'll ne'er forget The glad, gay hours we've spent together In red-lipped langes and converse sweet
Through one bright week of sunny weather—
You, Sallie, and If The days have flown like bright winged birds Of tropic plume and gergeous dye-

And we-like leaves on life's great sea-We three!-have drifted, drifted by i Yen, Fallie, and Ii Thonights!-ahl like ba'm from Heaven, or nugei smlles, they've sped nwey; And while we impered, talked, and laughod, You, Salife, nud Il

Foir "Lung" shoue in silver light-And o'er us, on the old front purch, Their giory radisuce softly benmed
On you, Sallie, and I Blue eyes, blue eyes, blue eyes Have thrilled and th rilled egein.
And red lips smiled in glad, gny joy

Without onaquiver of human pain— Your's, Sallio's, and micel Our hearts have sped in Fancy's car, Thro' realms so strnn gly, awooily fair. They were myths of midnight's mystic air To you, Zailie, and II

And yet we'll cling with tender smlies To ail the joyous, vanished hours, It matters not if our lots be east On wrecked life-waters or isles of flowers To you, Sallie, and II And in a'ter years, when shadows fa't Around the hours witen first we met, Our hearts will thrill with by-gone joy, We'll ne'er forget, we'll ne'er forget,

You Sailie, and I! The night cap would be the cap of liberty, f it were not for curtain lectures. When your wife is eilent, hold the baby for her. 'Tis probably as much as she can do to hold her tongne. An liishman's repartee is generally like

himself-pat. The bully who picks np the wrong man | C. Miller. fieds bimself "picked np."

## MILITARY.

Bo Llout. Col. Louis Humphroys, Medicai Inspect or, U. S. A. Office on Walnut street, between Fourth HOSPITAL DIRECTORY.

Gao, G. Shumard, Sargeen U.S. Vola, Medical Director District of Kontnery; office on Walnut street, between Fourth and Figh. CLAY GENERAL HOSPITAL. Franch A, corner Ninth and Breadway. Franch B, corner Fifteenth and Maln. Franch U, Sixth street, between Walnut and Chest sranch D, corner of Brock and Broadway (Officers').

Alexander T. Watson, U. B. Vols., in charge. As-ulstants—C. F. Witham, Thos. W. Coloscott, John M. Orows, Alexam V. Brower, B. F. Or at, Fred. O. Leber, Wm. H. Way, James A. Dougherty, John A. Brady. Branch No. 1, on Bardstown road, beyond oid toli-Branch No. 2, Griffin House, 3/2 miles ont on Newoad. Ich No. 3, Jehuson Floume, between Bardstown ewburg roads Erystpelish. Ich No. 4, Cara Hense, ou Newharg road (Mesanis-W. A. Gordon, John L. Br. no. Nelson B., & R. G. Bernerd Hospital, on hill bast of Park Bar-Third street. Biencowe R. Fryor, Assistant on U. S. A., in charge. Assistans-John A., S. W.T. Kirk, John A. Octorlony, Furner An-n, Lewis S. J. Gossnor, Chas A. Fisher, F. A.

Tuttle. Totten General Hospitai, haad of Broadway, near Cave Hill. Francis Green, Surgeon U. S. Vols., in charge. Assistants—Albert H. floy, P. S. Shields. JEFFERRONVILLE, INDIANA.

Jefferson General Hospital, one mile above Jeffersonville, Indiana. M. Gildsmith, Surgeon United States Volonteers in charge. Assistant s-H, P. Matthewsen, Assistant Surgeon. United States Voluateers, If F. BicNary, Thomas O fifercer, John G. Harvey, W. W. Go win, Moses N. Zierde C. K. Kenddee, D. A. Seymour, Misses D. Wilson, Henry Re kwell, James White, G. W. Bligh, H. H. Banks, J. M. thepeton, F. H. Sands.

Joe Helt Hepptial, one mile below Jeffersonville, Indiana. Will am T. Okle, Assistant Surger in United States Atmy in charge, Assistant-Inholph Wirth Hispital No. 16. Jacob Eradley, A. A. Eurgeon U. S. A., in cha ge. JEFFERSONVILLE, INDIANA.

Thos. W. Fry. Burgeon U.S. V., Superintendent of logistists. Office-Do Paw House, Mann street. Hospital No. 4, corner of Lighth and Mann streets. A Alexander, A. A. Surgeon lo charge. Avistints—John Bloom, John M. Rei y, and H. C. Hill, A. nts—John Sloan, John M. Rei y, and H. C. Hill, A.
Snrgeobs U. S. A.
Hespital No. 5, eld Tabler Honse, Mein street. Wm.
Hespital No. 5, eld Tabler Honse, Mein street. Wm.
Hespital No. 5, eld Tabler Honse, Mein street. Wm.
Hospital No. 6, corner of Seventh end Elm stroots.
S Crosler, A. A. Surgeon U. S. A., lo charge. Assistant—Samnel Reid, W. H. Sinex, J. P. Cloment,
F. Willson, A. A. Surgeons U. S. A., in charge.
Hespital No. 8, Scott & Brindley's Buildidgs, Main
ret. A. 8 Green, A. A. Surgeon U. S. A., in charge.
Hespital No. H. colorent. Oak street, near railroad
spot. B. Benst, A. A. Surgeon U. S. A., in charge
we odd leepital, Vincennes street. Henry Gasspoole,
A. Surgeon U. S. A., in charge. Assistant—H.
loore, A. A. Surgeon U. S. A., in Charge
U. S. A., in charge. Assistant—H.
Loore, A. A. Surgeon U. S. A., in Charge.
A. Surgeon U. S. A., in charge. Assistant—H.
Lidridge, P. S. Shields, and Wm. Cooper. A. A.
Lidridge, P. S. Shields, and Wm. Cooper. A. A.
Ligeobs U. S. A.

Franklin Insurance Company, A T THE REGULAE ANNUAL ELECTION OF A Precident and twelve Directors, held this day, the following gentionen were duly cleated for the en-JAMES TRABUE, Procident.

Fig. 7028.

Wm. Garyin,
R. D. Newcomb,
J. B. Lithgow,
Wm. Haghes,
W. Gec. Anderson,
John White,
W. Gec. Anderson,
John Wm. J. Anderson,
John Forguson, Jr.,
E. A. BROWINSKI, Secretary
This Company, configuration on a general Mari This Company continues to do a general Marins and Fire Insurance Enginees at its office, corner of fair and Entitis streets, over Officens' Bank, immeely opposite il stormer location. ne Marine Business is done on the mutual prin as diff

BROADWAY MILLS Corner Tenth & Broadway sts.,

Near L. & E. B. Depet, LOUISVILLE, KY WHEAT-WHEAT WANTED AT The sign.

est market price. Flore and Officialways or
hand, and erders for delivery or shipment of elices
promptly attended to.

SAM'LA. MILLER.
Propriess

Notice to Property-Helders. The owners of lo's and parts of lo's designated below, are bereby informed that or-incarces have been passed by the G eral Council, approved and published, raquing from of their respective luts; and if they lot bave the sema property do who have days from the date bereaf one with li he done under a con ract, at the expense the City Expinent; and, it no done in every repret in accordance with the ordinaries and plating side walk-paying, the same will be re-payed at the expense of the littown re. I rerry water from the hons-a and lors: o grade and pave the unpaved portion of the sidewalk on both sides of Sixteenth street, from Main to Rowan street.

EAST 8103.

George Clarke..... Newton D Clarke... Louis Young ..... & S. T. Ciarke .... To repave and recurb the sidewalk on the east side eide of Centre, between Green and Walnut streets.

BAST SINE.

Mary McGlnnis..... Methodist Church (colored). Sampel Ferwood, estate .... . 259 12 J. Span!ding ... Mrs. C. Baker, administratrix ...... To grade and pave the sidewalks on both des of Thirteenth street, from Maln to Rowan street: WEST SIDE. R. G. Kyle & Co..... Jas. Clarke ....

Lenisville and Portland R. R. Co.....195 A. Hadfield ..... To grade and pays the nnpaved portion of the eidwalke on both sides of Sixteenth street, from Main to Market street: HAST SINB. Fred Shardice..... Joe. Botto..... WAST SIDE. Henry Shrader ..... J. K. Wheelan ..... To grade and pave the unpaved portion of the idewalks on both sides of Fifteenth stree from Portland avenue to Rowan etrest; MAST CIDE. Thes A. Haley's cetate..... Wrampelmeyr & Schulte ....

W85T 810E. G. T. Bergman .. To record and repaye the sidewalk on th east side of Fourth street, from Broadway to the first alley conth of Chestent street. RAST BIDR. Feet. Mary S. Tyler .. Charles F. Johnson .... l. D. Thempson ..... Thoe. A. Marshall. B. Doncan, trustee..... Sim. Watkins's estate... St. Joseph's lufirmary... Jas. Rudd..... .193 7-12 ...1331/4 To grade and pave the sidewalks on the west ide of Eighth street, from Broadway to

York street. WEST SIDE. Feet Geo. W. Clarke. Geo. W. Clarke ... Thes. Dempeter . Mary R Steaver... W. A Nalley..... 66 8-12 36% Jamee Malona ... 668-12 To grade and pave the unpaved portion of the sidewalk on both sides of Fourteenth street, from Rowan to Main street. BAST BIDE.

Thos. Batman ... WEST SIDE. Sol. Hart ... M.A. Belknap... To grade and pave the unpaved portion of the sidewalks on both sides of Fourteeath street, from Portland avenue to Rowas BAST 810B. Schwartzer & Fritehey .....

Thos. Bradshaw..... WEST SIDA. Geo. Esterloy. A Melchoir & Co. To grade and pave the unpaved portion of the sidewalk on both sides of Seventeenth street, from Main to Market. BASE TIDE. John H. Cannon

Martln Bijnr ... . O. Brooks. To grade and pave the nupaved portions of the sidewalks on both sides of Sevonteenth street, from Market to Jefferson. RAST SIGE.

A. T Gilmore..... John Shater ..... WEST SIGE. John Yonng ..... To grade and pave the unfinished portion of the sidewalks on both sides of Seventeenth street, from Rowan to Main street. EAST SIDE.

Columbus Ebberle. Iamee Eatheridge..

Wm. Lovett .... To grade and pave the unpaved portion of the sidewalks on both sides of Futeenth street, from Main to Rowan. FAST SIDE F. G. Matheny ..

J. A. Dinwiddie..... WEST SIDE. To recurb and repave the sidewalks on the west side of Ninth street, from Grayson to Jas. Gnthrie ...

Colored Mothodist Church .. Rankin Martha, and children. nn M Knighton .. ephen Crowell .... To reenrb and repaye the sidewalks on the west eide of Ninth street, from Walnut to

Madison street. WEST EIDE James Guthrie..... To recurb and repave the sidewalks on the west side of Niuth street, from Madison to Chestnut. James Gnthrie..... To recurb and repaye the sidewalk on the

west slde of Eighth street, from Madison to Chestnut. Mary L. Tyler's trustee .. I. J. Parke.. Engene Underwood's trustee...
J V. Escott...... Emma Moore. To recurb and repayo the sidewaik on the wcet side of Eighth street, from Walnut to

Honse of Good Shapherd ..... To grade and pave the unpaved portion of the sidewalk on both sides of Sixteenth street, from Bank to Rowan. EAST SIDE. Wm. Pragoff's cet...... WEST SIOR. ... ....engqiX səledəiN

and Water streets. EAST BIOS. Lis desire to avoid a collision with them. Ye. said to be the personal property of Lord Falacouceited governer, longing to make a display of British power in the eyes of a race of Proprietor.

Said to be the personal property of Lord Falacouceited governer, longing to make a display under his direction. Therefore, the appearance of the Rechberg Proprietor.

Said to be the personal property of Lord Falacouceited governer, longing to make a display under his direction. Therefore, the appearance of the Rechberg Proprietor.

Said to be the personal property of Lord Falacouceited governer, longing to make a display under his direction. Therefore, the appearance of the Rechberg Proprietor.

Robert Buciner's estate. To recurb and repays the sidewalk on the fou h side of Market, from Floyd street west to the east line of Languan's lot. Maria P. Satterwhite ..... To recurb and repare the sidewalks on the west side of becoud, from Main to Wister

street. John S. Smead Wallace's estate 231/4 Wm. H. Walker. Jas. Graham ..... Kirkland, Chase, & Co. To grade and pave the sidewalks on both sides of Hacock street, from Jefferson to Green EAST SION. D. Kock .. Charles Walters ...

Em'l Sieboldt's estate ...... llen Milla Co. B Fleck..... Sallie Shadburn ... To repaye the sldewalk on the north side of Main street, from Brook to Preston street. NORTH MINE. Dr. U. E. Ewling - 54
J D. Gnthrie, or Mrs. H. C. Bullitt
Virgil McKnight - 90
Thos. P. Jacob and Jas. Clay's estate H. D. Newcomb J. L. Kintner John Ferguson -To grade and pave the unpaved portion of the eldewalk on the south of Main street,

WEST SIDE.

Wm Kriel ... H. Hnsteder.

Obristian Church .

J. H. Decker's heirs...

from Cahel to We\_zel streets. SOUTH SINE. John Shallcross. I N Dickson .... Geo. L. Abraham... Marth Maxey... Sherley & Huffman... Mrs. Stall and children .. Te recurb and repave the sidewalk on the the first alley north

weet side of Clay street, from Broadway to Pres Means .... To recent and repare the unpared portions of the sidewalks on both eides of Jefferson street, from Jackson to Olay street. EOUTH 610B. Cliebeth Schneifer. Mary Amea..

Theodore Ben'z... W. H. Ycager.... F. Schaeffer..... Ed Seibolt's cetate.. Charles Fagun's estate. Mrs. H. C. Williamson .. R. Zwerdorf..... Vollmar ... Mrs. S Caldemier.

George Eller..... Mrs. S. Schraeder Mrs. E z. Ross.... A. W. R. Harris ... Obsrlee Knpperle s estate.... Jacob Volimar ..... NOATH SIDE. Mary Bradshaw and children. O. Kolh..... C. Schroeder.

Feet.

Henry Pasluk .. Jacob Kellar .. Cook's estate. H. Bartho'omew .. Sebas lan Ohligschlager

Joseph Wedekemp's heirs .. Mrs. F loewer ..... Thes. Fagan's estate Mrs. A. Dangberty .. David Ashby, heirs Mrs. E. Maddox.... Henry Kahrt's estate. W. Wedckemper. Jeseph Raymond ..

> To repaye the sidewalk on the north side of Market street, from Brock to First street, NORTH SIDE. W. J. McGonigal... Mitchell & Hubbard - - -

W. H. Stokes H J Crnycraft Mayor's Office, July 27th, 1864.

INSURANCE

SAINT LOUIS Mutual

Of St. Louis, Mo.

Capital Stock, as an original basis, \$100,000

Assets, July 1st, 1864, - \$323,056 66

DIVIDAND (Deciated to Policy Holders) 40 pr ct. The following, showing the entire amount of

orses incurred and promptly paid by this company since its organization, January, 1858, gives ample evidence of the care and prudence exercised in the selection of its risks, and its assets also show its complete success, end that Western men and Western institutions are as fally reliable and quite as safe as those o the East or North. Wo issna Life Poil forms to be obtained in any Company: LOSSES in 61/2 years only - - \$21,500 Where is there a Company that can make a bet

ter showing? WE Dividends to Policy-holders declared annually of the first of January (this year 40 PME CENT), besides am ple reserve fund for Re-insurance,

DIRECTORS. JAMES H. LUOAS. UVERSTOLZ, Overstolz, Wagner, & Oo., SCHAEFFER, Nicholas Schaeffer & Co., Star udie Factors. LLIAM T. GAY, Gny, Hanenkamp, & Edwards. NCIS BEEHLLER, Upholsterer. VID KEITH, Keith & Woods, Booksellors and

stetioners.
P. HANENKAMP, President Bank of St. Louis.
AAO W. MITCHELL.
A. JANUAITY, D. A. January & Co., Grocers and WM. J. LEWIS, Lewis & Bro., Tobacconists. OFFICERS. LOCAL BOARD OF REFERENCE.

MEDICAL EXAMINERS. DE. LEWIS BOGERS. DR. JOHN THURSTON.
J. L. JENNINGS, M. D., Special Agent. To recurb and repave the sidewalks on the east side of Second, between Washington ing, cerner Main and Sixth streets, Lonisville, Ky. Feet.
1.26
Confree 1,000 was fair to prime Rio Codes for 1.26
The sale by Hyddid H. D. REMONDER & RO.
1.27
The sale by Hyddid H. D. REMONDER & RO.
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The

REAL ESTATE.

Frame Bouse for Salo & Lot for Lease A LUT, 16'a FEET FRON'I BY 105 FEET

deep, ou conth alloof liann stree, 25's feet

frame house on same of the feet for lease for ten years,

frame house on same of the British AN,

gy2! dt!

conth side of Jeff ra n. st.,

between Fourth and Flitb. Commissioner's Sale.

Dy viring of a Jodgment of the Relation circuit Control at the March term.

1866, in the case of w. W. Moteshe, Them with Oro-

nse.
If the judgment cannot be made a lease of the sai from the day of safe, opening instact, and any the force of indepent; and to pay the socrating instalments of interest as the some fall due upon the mortgage debt; and finally to pay also the \$30,000 principal upon the ialling due thereof, to wit, Jannery ist, 1870. Lien to be retained upon the eather property, &0., to accure the rights of the pavios.

The ammunt of this decree due and to become due will not two ed \$39,000, whereas the from upon the road-hed alone is estimated by computent judges to be now worth \$40,000. The commissioner therefore feel fully justified in assuring the public that this is one of the very best chaucs for profitable investment that can anywhere be found.

JARLES WOOD, S. N. O., Commissioner.

Berdstowu, April 9 1854. TEACT OF 20 ACRES, WELL TIMBERED, A Streamed between the Nashville Battroad and the Preston etreet or Fiet Li & Tumpike rond, six miles from she city limits. Inquire of

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White co., Ind.—230 acres enced—frame
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2/2 miles from B. B. Depot and 12 from Lafsystir
Good neighborhood. Price \$24 per acre cash, or 8/2
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with 6 per cent. For further particulars a dress

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A B EDUINE US 12-INCH DIAMSTAR UF OTLAR, inder and of steinch stroke, monited on a sottential cast iron sed-frame, having dendie silds valve, Judsen governor valve, with main shaft and sir-wheel 18 feet diameter and one 5-foot pulley is colored to convect engine, boiler, and pump Also two Bollow, 20 feet long, 45-inch diameter, with donbie fines is-inch diameter, with engine is a good on the fines is-inch diameter, with dendie fines is-inch diameter, with dendie fines is-inch diameter. The Engine is as good on the best make. The Bollow are nive in a vocilent overdition. In our stellars are nive in an avocilent overdition. In our stellars are nive in a vocilent overdition. In our stellars are nive in a vocilent overdition. In our stellars are nive in a vocilent overdition. In our stellars are nived in a vocilent overdition. In our stellars are nived in a vocilent overdition. In our stellars are nived in a vocilent overdition.

FAIR OF STEAM ENGINES, in good order and all complete, size 4 feet stroke, in inches diarreter, the stroke of Louisvillo Paper MM.

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RAILKUALIB.

Louisville and Nashville Railroad. Change of Time. OR AND AFTER SUNDAY, MAY 1, 1864, TRAINS will leave the Expot, corner of Ninth and Broad-

FA.M. THROUGH FREIGHT for Nachville Saily, 7 A.M. MAIL AND PARSENGER Trace for Nachville Saville Sowille Soviet Green, and Clarkeville daily. 7:23 A.M. EXPRESS PASSENGER Train for Lobanon, Perryllia, Banvalle, Harradaburg, Campbelleville, and Columbia daily (2005). Sunday, A. A. A. C. C. M. A. C. C. M. A. A. C. C. M. A. C. C. M. A. C. C. M. T. M. T

Louisville & Frankfor and Lexington & Frankfort Radroade. On and after Monday, March 28, 1864, On and after Monday, march 26, 1994,
ENDERSS TRAIN LEAVES DALLY (EXCEPT
Enday) at 5:35 A. R., stopping at all stations except Fair Grounds, Baca Course, Brownsberg, and
Editoriew. Leaves Lexington et 9:22 P. H., and
extrive at Louisville at 7:10 P. M.

ACCOMMCDATION TRAIN (stopping at all sta-sions) leaves Louisville at 4:20 P. M. Loaves Frankfort at 6:39 A. M., and arrives at Louisville at 5:30 A. M. FERIGHT TRAINS leave Louisville and Lexington Daily (Sundars excepted).

SAH'L GILL. Sprit.

JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD. TWO DAILY TRAINS EAVE JEFFEESONVILLE, OPPOBITE LOUZE

2:25 P. M. Dally (except Sundays), maxima AT EXIMOURI by the enciness, Columbus, Cleveland, New York, Dec-ton, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Beltimore, Wash buglou, So. AT INDIAHAPULIE:

For Clovelend, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Bow Nors Boston, Rallimore, Washington (htp., and eli-points Past end Norchess. 1900 Chicago, Detroit, and ali-points in the Morth and Horthwort. or Cairo, St. Louis, Hampicel, Chinos, M. Jorenk, Sa 9:00 P. M. Daily (Saturdays excepted), mak at indiamater corrects
or sol bussess and bortherstern citie.
For Toledo, Detroit An

Per Passengers by taking this route avoid a flux no thire and denty with NBUS BLLE or FIVE Miller. For This route is 60 Miller SHOUNT 2R, and presupers onre 1th Heluba in time over any out at whom routes to United and the Northwest. HIB 16 YHR ONLY DIRECT ALL BAIL BOCTH TO EASTEEN CITIES. TO EASTERN UTILES.

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MEDICAL.

BEST REMEDY KNOWN Bilious Complaints, Sick Headache, Costive

mess, Indigestion, Heartburn, Sour Stomach, Sea Stelecess, Sc. DE. JAMES R. CRILTON. the GREAT ORRMIST, eye: "I know its composition, and have no doubt it will prove must hencical in those complaints for which it is recommended."

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SEITZEN APERIANT in my hands has proved indeed a valuable remedy." For other test'monials see pamphiet with each hottle. TARRANT & CO.

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to see of materity, or reactive here the money's law. These investments investment and moving thousand, and will be impossed to the thousand, and will be impossed to e, or receipt of four terms, ny address movement, box hors buseded to danious and her time, the movement, here has buseded and analysis when, the box hors.

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Market, be' Sixth and Neventh. Window-Shades and CLOTHING.

Dissolution. THE COPARTNERSHIP HEBETOTOTE EXIST-ing between C. G. JONES and O A GRAVES in the Wroneste Cluthing businers, and r the firm of O. O. JUNES & OO, was, on the lst July, dissolved he multani consent, and O. Junes is authorized to set the up the Lusiness at said firm.

Copartnership. 1 G. JONES AND P. II. TAPP HAVE THIS J. day formed a c. pathesiship for tra-secting the thousands. G. Thillng and RTENISHING RV. IN Lusiness under the firm of JONES a TAPP. July 1, 1864. JONES & TAPP

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DISEASES RESULTING FROM

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ARE OURED BY

The Great Strengthening

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These Bitters have performed more oures, have mad do give better satisfaction, have more testimons, have more respectable people to wouch for them, than any

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WILL GURE AVERT GASE OF Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and Diseases arising from a Disordered Stomach. SESERVA THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS

Recuiting from Disorders of the Digostive Organa

Consupation, Inward Piles, Fulness of Bicod to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nennea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Snut Fructations, Sinking of Funtering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Finttering at the lient,

Choking or Eufocating Sansations when is a lying Posture, Dimness of the Sight, Fever and Puli Pain in the Sight, Fever and Puli Pain in Yellowness of the Skin and Zyed, Pain in Yellowness of the Skin and Zyed, Pain in Selde, Back, Ohest, Limbs, do., Sudden Finshes of Heat, Barning in the Fiesh, Oonstaat Imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits.

REMEMBER THAT THIS BITTERS IS

Not Alcoholic CONTAINS NO Rum or Whiskey, and Can't make Drunkards. But is the Best Tonic

READ WHO SAYS SO:

IN THE WORLD.

From the Rev. Levi G. Beck, Pastor of the Eapther Church, Pemharten, H. J., formerly of the North nptist Ohurch, Philadelphia, I have known Hoshand's German Bitter faverably for number of years. I have used them in my own family, and have been so pleased with their effects that I was induced to recommend them to many others, and knew that they have operated in a strikingly beneficial manner. I take great pleasure in thus publicly proclaiming this fact, and calling the attention of those afflicted with the diseases for which they are recommended to these Bitters, knewing from axperience that my recommendation will be sustained. I dothis more cheerfully as Hoefinnd's Bitters is latended to benefit the afflicted, and he "nos a rung drink." Fours truly, LEVI G. BECE.

From Rev. J. Newton Brown, D. D., Editor of the Bacyclopedia of Religious Knowledge, and Christian Ohrenicia, Philadelphia.

Chrenicla, Philadelphia.

Although not dispeced to favor or recommend Fascat hieldiones in general, through distrust of their ingredients and effects, I yet know of ne sufficient reasons why a man may not teelify to the benefits he believee himself to have received from any simple preparation, in the hope that he may thus contribute to the benefit of others.

I do this the more readily in ragard to Hoefinad's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. U. M. Jackson, of this oity, because I was prayudiced against them for many years, under the impression that they were chiefly an siconolic mixture. I am ludebted to my friend, Bobort shoomaker, find, for the removal of this prajudice by proper tests, and for encouragemant to try them when smeering from great and long egatinned debility. The use of three bottles of these litters at the beginning of the present year, was followed by evident relief and rectoration to a degree eighodily and mental vigor which I had not feit for six months before, and had almost despaired of regaining and

From the Rev. Jos. H. Kennard, Pastor of the 19th Baptist Church.

J. REWTON BROWN, Philadelphia,

of nedicines, but I can be in nifoases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances, and partieus intring in my family, of the nestiness of Dr. Hoofanc's German Bitters, I depart for once from my urant connect express my full conviction that, for general debitisy of the system, and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a acfe and valuable proporation. In some cases it may fail; but natually, I doubt not, it will be vary beneficial to those who suffer from the above cause.

I once, vary respectfully.

Eighth below Coates street, Philadelphia.

From Rev. Warron Bandelph, Paster of Baytha Church, Germantowu, l'enn. DR. O. M. JAGESON: Deer Sir-Personal experience enables me to say that I regard the German Bitters prepared by year as a most excellent medicine. In cases of excers coul and general debility-I have been greatly benefited by the use of the Bitters, and dankt not they will pre-

effects on others.
ruly, WARREN RANDOLPH,
Germantown, Fa. From Bev. J. H. Turner, Paster of Hedding M. R. Church, Philadelphia.

Dear Sir-Having used your German Bitters in my family frequently. I am prepared to say that it has been of great service. I believe that in most cases of general debility of the system it is the saiest and most valuable remedy of which I have any knowledge.

Yours, respectfully, J. H. TURMER, No. 726 N. Mineteenth street. From the Rev. J. M. Lyons, formerly Pastor of the

Coinmbus (N. J.) and Milestown (Pa.) ; Baptice DE. O. M. JACKSON:

Dear Fir-1 feel it a pleasure, thus of my own accord to bear testimony to the excellence of the Gagman Bitters. Some years since, being much afflicted with Dyspepsia, I used them with very beneficial results. I here often recommended them to persons enfected by that tormanting disease, and have heart from them the most flattering testimonials as to their great value. In case off general debility I believe to

From the Rev. Thos. Winter, Paster of Hoxborough DR. JACKSON;

Dow Sir-I feel it due to your excellent preparation,
Hoofhact's Gorman Bitters, to add my testimony is
the deserved reputation it has obtained. I have for
years, at times, been troubled with great disorder in
my hend and nervous system. I was advised by a
friend to bry a bottle of your German Bitters. I chase,
so, and have experienced great and nuexpooted relife; my health has been very materially benefited.
I confidently recommend the article where I meet
with cases similar to my own, and have been assured
by many of their good effects. Da. JACKSON;

connuoses similar to my seith cases similar From Rev. J. S. Herman, of the German Ecformed Church, Kniztown, Berks County, Pa. DR. C. M. JACKSON: DR. O. M. JACKSON:

Respected Six-I have been troubled with Dyspensia
nearly twenty years, and have novor used any usediolue that did me as mack good as Hoofend's Bitters,
I am very much improved in health, after having
taken five bottles.

Kours, with respect,
J. D. HERMAN.

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Larga Sira (holding nearly double quantity,)

81 00 per Bottle—half dos. 81 22

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See that the signature of "C. M. JAUKSORS on the WRAPRER of each bottle. lo nat be put off hy any of the intoxicating preparations that may be offered in its place, but send to the and wa will forward, seenrely packed, by express,

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